

Resources Policy Development and Scrutiny Panel

Date: Wednesday, 12th September, 2018

Time: 4.30 pm

Venue: Council Chamber - Guildhall, Bath

Councillors: Sarah Bevan (Chair), Lisa O'Brien, Jasper Becker, Joe Rayment,
Andrew Furse, Patrick Anketell-Jones and Sally Davis

Chief Executive and other appropriate officers
Press and Public



Michaela Gay

Democratic Services

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NOTES:

1. **Inspection of Papers:** Papers are available for inspection as follows:

Council's website: <https://democracy.bathnes.gov.uk/ieDocHome.aspx?bcr=1>

Paper copies are available for inspection at the **Public Access points:-** Reception: Civic Centre - Keynsham, Guildhall - Bath, The Hollies - Midsomer Norton. Bath Central and Midsomer Norton public libraries.

2. **Details of decisions taken at this meeting** can be found in the minutes which will be circulated with the agenda for the next meeting. In the meantime, details can be obtained by contacting as above.

3. **Recording at Meetings:-**

The Openness of Local Government Bodies Regulations 2014 now allows filming and recording by anyone attending a meeting. This is not within the Council's control.

Some of our meetings are webcast. At the start of the meeting, the Chair will confirm if all or part of the meeting is to be filmed. If you would prefer not to be filmed for the webcast, please make yourself known to the camera operators.

To comply with the Data Protection Act 1998, we require the consent of parents or guardians before filming children or young people. For more information, please speak to the camera operator.

The Council will broadcast the images and sound live via the internet www.bathnes.gov.uk/webcast The Council may also use the images/sound recordings on its social media site or share with other organisations, such as broadcasters.

4. **Public Speaking at Meetings**

The Council has a scheme to encourage the public to make their views known at meetings. They may make a statement relevant to what the meeting has power to do. They may also present a petition or a deputation on behalf of a group. They may also ask a question to which a written answer will be given. **Advance notice is required not less than two full working days before the meeting. This means that for meetings held on Thursdays notice must be received in Democratic Services by 5.00pm the previous Monday.** Further details of the scheme:

<https://democracy.bathnes.gov.uk/ecCatDisplay.aspx?sch=doc&cat=12942>

5. **Emergency Evacuation Procedure**

When the continuous alarm sounds, you must evacuate the building by one of the designated exits and proceed to the named assembly point. The designated exits are signposted. Arrangements are in place for the safe evacuation of disabled people.

6. **Supplementary information for meetings**

Additional information and Protocols and procedures relating to meetings

<https://democracy.bathnes.gov.uk/ecCatDisplay.aspx?sch=doc&cat=13505>

Resources Policy Development and Scrutiny Panel - Wednesday, 12th September, 2018

at 4.30 pm in the Council Chamber - Guildhall, Bath

A G E N D A

1. WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS

2. EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE

The Chair will draw attention to the emergency evacuation procedure as set out under Note 6.

3. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE AND SUBSTITUTIONS

4. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

At this point in the meeting declarations of interest are received from Members in any of the agenda items under consideration at the meeting. Members are asked to indicate:

(a) The agenda item number in which they have an interest to declare.

(b) The nature of their interest.

(c) Whether their interest is **a disclosable pecuniary interest** *or* **an other interest**,
(as defined in Part 2, A and B of the Code of Conduct and Rules for Registration of Interests)

Any Member who needs to clarify any matters relating to the declaration of interests is recommended to seek advice from the Council's Monitoring Officer or a member of his staff before the meeting to expedite dealing with the item during the meeting.

5. TO ANNOUNCE ANY URGENT BUSINESS AGREED BY THE CHAIRMAN

6. ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC OR COUNCILLORS - TO RECEIVE DEPUTATIONS, STATEMENTS, PETITIONS OR QUESTIONS RELATING TO THE BUSINESS OF THIS MEETING

At the time of publication no notifications had been received.

7. MINUTES - 16TH MAY 2018 (Pages 7 - 12)

8. UPDATE ON ACTIVITIES OF THE COUNCIL'S PROPERTY COMPANY (ADL)
(Pages 13 - 66)

The report attached for the Panel will also be debated at Council on September 13th 2018.

9. UPDATE ON FINAL FIGURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR (Pages 67 - 106)

The report was considered by the Cabinet at their June 2018 meeting. It presents the revenue and capital outturn for 2017/18.

10. CABINET MEMBER UPDATE

The Cabinet Member will update the Panel on any relevant issues. Panel members may ask questions on the update provided.

11. PANEL WORKPLAN (Pages 107 - 110)

This report presents the latest workplan for the Panel. Any suggestions for further items or amendments to the current programme will be logged and scheduled in consultation with the Panel's Chair and supporting officers.

The Committee Administrator for this meeting is Michaela Gay who can be contacted on 01225 394411.

BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET

RESOURCES POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND SCRUTINY PANEL

Wednesday, 16th May, 2018

Present:- Councillors Sarah Bevan (Chair), Lisa O'Brien, Andrew Furse, Patrick Anketell-Jones, Sally Davis and Robin Moss (in place of Joe Rayment)

1 WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS

The Chairman welcomed everyone to the meeting.

2 EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE

The Chairman drew attention to the emergency evacuation procedure.

3 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE AND SUBSTITUTIONS

Councillor Joe Rayment sent his apologies and was substituted by Councillor Robin Moss.

Councillor Jasper Becker sent his apologies.

4 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

There were none.

5 TO ANNOUNCE ANY URGENT BUSINESS AGREED BY THE CHAIRMAN

There was none.

6 ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC OR COUNCILLORS - TO RECEIVE DEPUTATIONS, STATEMENTS, PETITIONS OR QUESTIONS RELATING TO THE BUSINESS OF THIS MEETING

Nicolette Boater made a statement to the Panel regarding Human Resources and Equalities Policy. *A copy of the statement is kept on the minute book for the Panel.*

7 MINUTES - 21 MARCH 2018

The Panel confirmed the minutes of the previous meeting as a true record and they were duly signed by the Chairman.

8 THE CORPORATE APPROACH TO EQUALITY

Samantha Jones – Inclusive Communities Manager introduced the report.

Panel members made the following points and asked the following questions:

Councillor Bevan congratulated the officers on the 2010 and 2017 awards.

Councillor Furse explained that he felt the social deprivation gap seemed to be widening and was extreme in his ward which includes the Royal Crescent alongside pockets of deprivation. He stressed the need for the authority to work hard to promote social cohesion and further explained that communities needed support through resources to schools and youth teams. He expressed concern about the Council's resources and financial pressures. Councillor Bevan added that areas of social deprivation are also a concern in North East Somerset.

Councillor O'Brien referred officers to communication advice that has been developed by Mencap regarding typeface, type of language and pictograms. She also asked if there was any indication of measures regarding Domestic Violence. The officer explained that the Council commissions Southside to provide DVA services, including Independent Domestic Violence Advisors based in BANES and at the RUH. 'IRIS' has now been developed which was a new way of GPs identifying violence. She explained that there had been an increase in reporting of elder abuse (inter-generational abuse) and carer fatigue. It was explained that resources were limited and services relied on the Police and Crime Commissioners grant.

Councillor Moss congratulated and thanked the officers. He stated that the report only gave part of the picture as many services were now outsourced and privatised. He asked if customer feedback was on directly provided services and referred to recent report that 20% of elder people are unhappy with services provided to them at home – he asked if this type of feedback would go to Virgin/Sirona or BANES and also asked how we would deal with the CCG/BANES closer working. The officer explained that she did not have statistics regarding home services. She explained that equalities issues were central in commissioning and organisations bidding for work must demonstrate compliance with the authority's policies and procedures. She assured the Panel that information on complaints and court cases are sought and there are timeframes in place in the event of a conviction.

Councillor Moss asked about the spike in Domestic Violence in the Somer Valley 2 years ago, the officer explained that there was a change in the method of gathering data about an incident – an increase from 10 to 14 questions which affected reporting statistics.

Councillor Anketell Jones asked if the cost of the interpreting service is a barrier to use. The officer explained that it is not expensive compared with litigation and explained that the provider had changed recently and there is now a wider range of languages available. She explained that interpreters can be used by a wide range of services such as for marriage ceremonies to ensure that people understand that they are signing a legal document. Louise Murphy – Corporate Equalities and Diversity Officer explained that the biggest spend around interpreters are Syrian families although almost all of the cost is reimbursed through the Home Office grant and some family members are now being trained as interpreters.

9 TRADING UPDATE - SERVICES TO SCHOOLS

Richard Moran, Education Business Manager introduced the report and gave a presentation on 'Trading Update – Services to Schools' which covered the following points:

- The Financial Landscape
- The Political Landscape
- Estimated Pupil numbers in Schools at 1st September 2018
- What is currently happening with Support Services?
- What has the LA done to date?
- What has been changed?

Panel members made the following points and asked the following questions:

Councillor Furse stated that, while he understood the economic situation and that schools are converting to academies, it was sad that the authority had to relinquish oversight on quality and local sourcing of school meals which had been established. The officer explained that when schools change to new suppliers, they do set specifications which are very close to those that the authority had set up. Richard Howroyd – Head of Strategic Procurement and Commissioning explained that the authority will attempt to guide schools towards appropriate sellers. Richard Morgan explained that schools can provide the meals for a cheaper rate per plate because they do not have the overheads that were included in the authority's rate. Councillor Bevan commented that this was reassuring.

Councillor Davis commented that the overheads do make a difference and also parents and children are more careful over their diets now. She added that there must be some caution over the introductory offers made by some organisations that could slowly rise. Richard Howroyd (Procurement) stated that schools have been advised to use caution around 1 year deals. Councillor Davis stated that there are benefits to the new system and that schools feel they have more ownership now.

Councillor Anketell Jones asked what happens to the 5% of schools that do not convert to academies. Richard Morgan explained that the Government had indicated that all schools will eventually become academies. In the case of this authority, the business support function has changed significantly but the authority still provides advice, guidance and challenge as well as statutory duties such as assessment for Education Healthcare Plans.

The Cabinet Member for Finance and Efficiency, Councillor Charles Gerrish explained that the move to academy status started a while ago and once the bigger schools converted, the authority lost its economies of scale which would have meant costs rocketing for schools and parents. He added that the quality of food was the responsibility of school governors and the authority should challenge governors if this was an issue.

10 STRATEGIC PROCUREMENT TEAM UPDATE

Richard Howroyd – Head of Strategic Procurement and Commissioning introduced the report and gave a presentation on 'Strategic Procurement Update' which covered the following:

- Working Together to Bring Down Costs
- Corporate Contracts
- Goods and Services Panel
- Contracts Register
- Supplying the South West
- Keeping the Contract Register up to date
- GDPR and Contracts
- Draft National Procurement Strategy
- Procurement Templates
- Current Issues/Risks
- Financial Risk Assessment

Panel members made the following points and asked the following questions:

Councillor Furse asked about the Contracts Register (page 51) and how we deal with contractors that were not on it. The officer explained that there had been challenges in some areas such as individual social care contracts. It can be challenging where there was no signed contract. There have been robust discussions with commissioners.

Councillor Moss stated that value should be important as well as cost. He was concerned that the Social Value Act is not referred to enough and that sometimes small local businesses are being knocked out by national organisations. The officer explained that the Act is taken seriously and 5% are awarded on social value. He added that it would be helpful if members helped to spread the message that businesses must take time and effort on their submissions as any omissions cannot be dealt with at the bid stage. He noted that in a recent procurement, a Government Department has deducted 5% of grant funding for favouring local providers contrary to the Public Contract Regulations which the Council disputes.

Lisa O'Brien asked if contracts are monitored and if problems were found, break clauses were included. The officer explained that the big issue had been around social care contracts where providers had not had to go to the market for a long time. Other authorities have had similar issues. A lot of good work is being done and we make sure standards are kept.

11 CABINET MEMBER UPDATE

The Cabinet Member for Finance and Efficiency, Councillor Charles Gerrish updated the Panel on the following:

- The end of financial year figures are almost ready;
- Community Asset Transfers are growing and new and creative opportunities are being explored;
- Property management structures are strengthening and acquisition opportunities are being explored.

12 PANEL WORKPLAN

The Panel noted the workplan.

The meeting ended at 6.40 pm

Chair(person)

Date Confirmed and Signed

Prepared by Democratic Services

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Bath & North East Somerset Council	
MEETING	Council
MEETING DATE:	13 September 2018
TITLE:	COUNCIL COMPANY ANNUAL ACCOUNTS
WARD:	All
AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM	
<p>List of attachments to this report: Appendix 1 - ADL annual report and accounts Appendix 2 - ACL annual report and accounts Appendix 3 - BTP annual report and accounts (to follow)</p>	

1 THE ISSUE

- 1.1 To note the annual accounts of Aequus Developments Limited (ADL), Aequus Construction Limited (ACL) and Bath Tourism Plus (BTP).

2 RECOMMENDATION

The Council is recommended to:

- 2.1 Note the ADL 2017/18 year end audited accounts (Appendix 1)
- 2.2 Note the ACL 2017/18 year end audited accounts (Appendix 2)
- 2.3 Note the BTP 2017/18 year end audited accounts (Appendix 3 to follow)

3 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS (FINANCE, PROPERTY, PEOPLE)

- 3.1 The resource implications including the specific financial impact on the Council for each company is set out within the body of the report.

4 STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND BASIS FOR PROPOSAL

- 4.1 ADL, ACL and BTP are governed in accordance the agreed company governance arrangements, articles of association and other operating

agreements. These accounts are provided to the Council for consideration in accordance with the Local Authorities (Companies) Order 1995

5 THE REPORT

- 5.1 The Council wholly owns the property investment company, ADL and its subsidiary company ACL, to develop, deliver, own and manage property as well as delivering new development on a case by case basis. Both ADL and ACL are companies limited by shares.
- 5.2 As shareholder of ADL (and ultimately ACL), the Council is asked to note the accounts of these companies.
- 5.3 The Council acquired sole ownership of BTP which is a company limited by guarantee, with the Council as sole member of the company.
- 5.4 As sole member of BTP, the Council is asked to note the accounts of this company.

ADL & ACL – COMPANY ACCOUNTS

- 5.5 The ADL 2017/18 accounts attached at Appendix 1, cover the second trading period for the company and shows that the company has made an operating profit of £316k. This performance reflects an underlying desktop revaluation of the portfolio together with an underlying operating surplus of £35k. This compares to the first-year operating deficit of £136k reflecting the initial set up costs for the company. During this period ADL has provided some £545k of capital receipts and £34k of revenue interest and loan arrangement fee payments to the Council.
- 5.6 The ACL 2017/18 accounts attached at Appendix 2 cover the first trading period for the company. As anticipated the company made a small operating deficit of £164k. This is fully in line with projections and reflect the company's costs incurred with the commencement of its first development, Riverside View in Keynsham. Income from sales of the first completed properties is anticipated to commence towards the end of the next year's trading and significant financial returns will be delivered for the Council. During this accounting period ACL has already delivered £1.6m worth of capital receipt for the Council and has returned £46k of revenue interest and loan arrangement fee payments to the Council.
- 5.7 Further details for each of the company activities are provided within the Director's Reports forming part of the accounts for each company.

BTP Company Accounts

- 5.8 The BTP 2017/18 accounts are currently being finalised by their external accountants and auditors Moore Stephens. These are expected to be completed week commencing 3rd September 2018 and will be despatched separately for the Council's consideration (Appendix 3 – to follow).
- 5.9 Further details on the company's activities will be provided in the Director's Report within the company accounts.

6 RATIONALE

- 6.1 The recommendation complies with the legal and best practice requirements for the governance of local authority companies.

7 OTHER OPTIONS CONSIDERED

- 7.1 None

8 CONSULTATION

- 8.1 The ADL, ACL and BTP accounts have been drawn up with support from external experts and the Monitoring and S151 Officers have had the opportunity to review and input into this report.
- 8.2 Consultation has taken place with the Boards of ADL and ACL and the Board of BTP.

9 RISK MANAGEMENT

- 9.1 Each of the companies are required to maintain appropriate risk management arrangements specific to their activities and operations for which the relevant company Board is responsible. Full details are reported to the Council (as Shareholder) as part of the annual business planning processes for each company.

Contact person	<i>Tim Richens, Commercial Director. Tel: 07980 998655 (for ADL and ACL).</i> <i>John Wilkinson, Director of Economy & Growth. Tel: 01225 396593 (for BTP).</i>
Background papers	<i>None</i>
Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format	

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Report of the Directors and
Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018
for
Aequus Developments Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Page
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2
Report of the Independent Auditors	4
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	6
Statement of Financial Position	7
Statement of Changes in Equity	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10

Aequus Developments Limited

Company Information
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

DIRECTORS:

C D Gerrish
L J Kew
R H Marshall
D P E Quilter
T Richens
D P Robathan

REGISTERED OFFICE:

20 Old Bond Street
Bath
BA1 1BP

REGISTERED NUMBER:

10060817 (England and Wales)

**Report of the Directors
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2018.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of an investment property company.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

It gives me great pleasure to present this Annual Report to shareholders, my second as Chairman. This year of operation has seen the incorporation of Aequus Construction Ltd (ACL), a 100% subsidiary of Aequus Developments Limited (ADL), created to manage the construction and development sites; the progress of this business is reported in the Annual Report of ACL.

During this second full year of operation, I have had the opportunity to see the developing portfolio ADL will be managing, building on the valuable start in 2016/17; we continue to create a sustainable business, to the benefit of our shareholders and most importantly bringing homes back into use for our wider community.

Operational progress

During the year, further centre property refurbishments were completed building on the sound start in the first year of operation. The additional seven units of accommodation bring the total number of units to 22 within 11 properties. These properties, in particular the Homes of Multiple Occupancy (HMOs) are largely targeted at the young professional market and are relatively affordable.

The transfer of properties hasn't progressed as quickly as originally anticipated and we will work with Bath & North East Somerset Council (the Council) to improve supply going forwards.

Underlying void levels were 3.1% over the year, after exclusion of new property void periods and one longer term vacancy. We anticipate this void level remaining within the target of 5% as the portfolio increases.

Rental income levels have remained healthy giving rise to a positive lease portfolio revaluation exercise. This reflects the current state of the market and strong demand.

ADL has agreed with the Council that, going forwards, new refurbishments of properties will be carried out by ADL rather than the Council, to streamline the refurbishment process.

ADL continue to use the Deposit Protection Scheme for tenants and work closely with our property managing agent Stonier Hobbs who continue to aid the relationships with our tenants and carry out the property management day to day activities, for which I thank them for their continuing input.

On top of the existing residential homes, ACL will be bringing forward sites, starting with Riverside View in Keynsham, which will also supply properties to ADL for letting. By the end of the financial year 2020/21 our aim is to have delivered a total of 250 new homes through both ADL and ACL.

We will need to keep an eye on the risks to the sector including potential impacts of Brexit.

Financial performance

The turnover of ADL has increased from £82,605 in 2016/17 to £253,219 in 2017/18 and this is forecast to increase further as the portfolio expands.

The profit before tax is £283,418, largely due to the lease revaluation in the year of £280,524; this is not in a position to be released as dividend as the lease revaluation is non-distributable; all capital appreciation is retained for the Council.

In total, £545,000 worth of capital receipts have been returned to the Council during the year together with interest and arrangement payments on loans to a total of £34,167.

The financial performance in the year has been solid which gives us further confidence for the future.

The opportunity

Our executive team continues to look at opportunities to grow ADL in a sustained manner that delivers value to its shareholder and the wider community.

With the progress of the ACL developments we will explore options to expand our rental portfolio through investment in developments such as Riverside View in Keynsham. This will support plans to diversify from central Bath and provide good quality rental properties to other areas within Bath & North East Somerset.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE YEAR

Information relating to events since the end of the year is given in the notes to the financial statements.

**Report of the Directors
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2017 to the date of this report.

C D Gerrish
L J Kew
R H Marshall
D P E Quilter
T Richens
D P Robathan

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

M Shields ceased to be a director after 31 March 2018 but prior to the date of this report.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Aequus Developments' financial risk management objectives and policies, including exposure to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, MHA Monahans, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

.....
C D Gerrish - Director

Date:

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Aequus Developments Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Aequus Developments Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Aequus Developments Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

The report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Martin Longmore (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of MHA Monahans
Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Lennox House
3 Pierrepont Street
Bath
BA1 1LB

Date:

Aequus Developments Limited (Registered number: 10060817)

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Notes	Year Ended 31.3.18 £	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17 £
CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
Revenue	3	253,219	82,605
Gain/loss on revaluation of investment property		280,524	-
Administrative expenses		(218,084)	(218,974)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		315,659	(136,369)
Finance costs	5	(32,241)	(19,446)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	6	283,418	(155,815)
Taxation	7	(51,042)	28,391
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR		232,376	(127,424)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		<u>232,376</u>	<u>(127,424)</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements

Statement of Financial Position
31 March 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investment property	8	2,175,817	1,350,293
Investments	9	100	-
Deferred tax	16	-	28,391
		2,175,917	1,378,684
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	10	14,286	19,645
Cash and cash equivalents	11	119,865	94,468
		134,151	114,113
TOTAL ASSETS		2,310,068	1,492,797
EQUITY			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Called up share capital	12	100	100
Other reserves	13	262,634	-
Retained earnings	13	(157,682)	(127,424)
TOTAL EQUITY		105,052	(127,324)
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	14	1,993,376	1,355,007
Deferred tax	16	22,651	-
		2,016,027	1,355,007
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	14	188,989	265,114
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,205,016	1,620,121
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		2,310,068	1,492,797

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on and were signed on its behalf by:

.....
C D Gerrish - Director

.....
T Richens - Director

**Statement of Changes in Equity
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Other reserves £	Total equity £
Changes in equity				
Issue of share capital	100	-	-	100
Total comprehensive income	-	(127,424)	-	(127,424)
Balance at 31 March 2017	<u>100</u>	<u>(127,424)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(127,324)</u>
Changes in equity				
Total comprehensive income	-	232,376	-	232,376
Transfer non distributable	-	(262,634)	262,634	-
Balance at 31 March 2018	<u>100</u>	<u>(157,682)</u>	<u>262,634</u>	<u>105,052</u>

**Statement of Cash Flows
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

		Year Ended 31.3.18 £	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	20	(24,470)	73,872
Interest paid		(32,241)	(19,446)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from operating activities		(56,711)	54,426
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of fixed asset investments		(100)	-
Purchase of investment property		(545,000)	(1,350,293)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from investing activities		(545,100)	(1,350,293)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash flows from financing activities			
New loans in year		645,000	1,400,293
Loan repayments in year		(17,792)	(10,058)
Share issue		-	100
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from financing activities		627,208	1,390,335
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		25,397	94,468
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	21	94,468	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	21	119,865	94,468
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Aequus Developments Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and IFRIC interpretations and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment property which have been measured at fair value.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

For 2018, based on their assessment of the company's financial position, future performance, liquidity and risks, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least the next twelve months. Thus the company adopts the going concern basis of preparation for the financial statements.

Revenue recognition

Under the condition that persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. In cases where the inflow of economic benefits is not probable due to customer related credit risks the revenue recognised is subject to the amount of payments irrevocably received. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of discounts and rebates and excluding taxes or duty.

The specific recognition criteria described below must also be met before income is recognised.

Rental income

The company is a lessor in operating leases. Rental income arising from operating leases on investment property is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included within revenue in the income statement due to its operating nature, except for contingent rental income which is recognised when it arises. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are recognised as an expense over the term of the lease on the same basis as income.

Tenant lease incentives

Tenant lease incentives are recognised as a reduction of rental revenue on a straight term basis over the term of the lease. The lease term is the non cancellable period of the lease together with any further term for which the tenant has the option to continue the lease, where, at the inception of the lease, the directors are reasonably certain that the tenant will exercise that option.

Amounts received from tenants to terminate leases or to compensate for dilapidation are recognised in the income statement when the right to receive them arises.

Service charges, management charges and other expenses recoverable from tenants

Income arising from expenses recharged to tenants is recognised in the period in which the compensation becomes receivable. Service and management charges and other such receipts are included in rental income gross of related costs, as the directors consider that the company acts as a principal in this respect.

Tenant deposits

Tenant deposit liabilities are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost where material. Any difference between the initial fair value and the nominal amount is included as a component of operating lease income and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Investment property

Investment property comprises completed property and property under construction or re-development that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Property held under a lease is classified as investment property when it is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, rather than for sale in the ordinary course of business or for use in production or administrative functions.

Investment property is measured initially at cost including transaction costs. Transaction costs include transfer taxes, professional fees for legal services and initial leasing commissions to bring the property to the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating. The carrying amount also includes the cost of replacing part of an existing investment property at the time that cost is incurred if the recognition criteria are met.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at fair value. Fair value is determined by management on an annual basis using a recognised valuation method. Every five years the investment properties are valued by professionally qualified valuers who hold a recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values are included in the income statement in the year in which they arise, including the corresponding tax effect. For the purposes of these financial statements, in order to avoid double accounting, the assessed carrying value is:

- a) Reduced by the carrying amount of any accrued income resulting from the spreading of lease incentives and/or minimum lease payments.
- b) Increased by the carrying amount of any liability to the superior leaseholder or freeholder that has been recognised in the statement of financial position as a finance lease obligation.

Investment property is derecognised when it has been disposed of or permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset would result in either gains or losses at the retirement or disposal of investment property. Any gains or losses are recognised in the income statement in the year of retirement or disposal.

Gains or losses on the disposal of investment property are determined as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying value of the asset in the previous full period's financial statements.

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets of the company mainly include cash and cash equivalents, available-for-sale financial assets, trade receivables, loans receivable, finance lease receivables and derivative financial instruments with a positive fair value, including receivables from group companies. Cash and cash equivalents are not included within the category available-for-sale financial assets as these financial instruments are not subject to fluctuations in value. Financial liabilities of the company mainly comprise loans from group companies and trade payables including amounts due to group companies. The company does not make use of the option to designate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss at inception (Fair Value Option). Based on their nature, financial instruments are classified as financial assets and financial liabilities measured at cost or amortised cost and financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value.

Financial instruments are recognised on the Statement of Financial Position when the company becomes a party to the contractual obligations of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets, i.e. purchases or sales under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned, are accounted for at the trade date.

Initially, financial instruments are recognised at their fair value. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial instruments are only recognised in determining the carrying amount, if the financial instruments are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Subsequently, financial assets and liabilities are measured according to the category to which they are assigned.

Cash and cash equivalents

The company considers all highly liquid investments with less than three months maturity from the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are measured at cost.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 30 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Loans and receivables

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment losses. Impairment losses on trade and other receivables are recognised using separate allowance accounts.

Financial liabilities

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the country in which the company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Provisions

A provision is recognised in the Statement of Financial Position when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are recognised at present value by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money. When a contract becomes onerous, the present obligation under the contract is recognised as a provision and measured at the lower of the expected cost of fulfilling the contract and the expected cost of terminating the contract as far as they exceed the expected economic benefits of the contract. Additions to provisions and reversals are generally recognised in the Statement of Income. The present value of recognised obligations associated with the retirement of property, plant and equipment (asset retirement obligations) that result from the acquisition, construction, development and normal use of an asset is added to the carrying amount of the related asset. The additional carrying amount is depreciated over the life of the related asset. Additions to and reductions from the present value of asset retirement obligations that result from changes in estimates are generally recognised by adjusting the carrying amount of the related asset and provision. If the asset retirement obligation is settled for other than the carrying amount of the liability, the company recognises a gain or loss on settlement.

Borrowing costs

The company pays or receives interest on some of its intercompany loan balances. These are recognised within interest in the Statement of Income when incurred or receivable. All costs directly attributable to the cost of a qualifying asset are capitalised.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Management estimates and judgements

Certain of these accounting policies require critical accounting estimates that involve complex and subjective judgement and the use of assumptions, some of which may be for matters that are inherently uncertain and susceptible to change.

Valuation of property - The fair value of investment property is determined by real estate valuation experts using recognised valuation techniques and the principles of IFRS 13.

New and amended standards effective for the period ended 31 March 2018

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those applied since the prior period, except for the following new and amended IFRSs effective as of 1 January 2017 that impact the company. The nature and impact of each new standard and amendments are described below:

Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 7)

Amends IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows to clarify that entities shall provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

Annual Improvements 2014 - 2016 cycle

In December 2016, the IASB issued amendments to three standards as part of its annual improvement cycle. These changes affect IFRS 1 - Deletes the short-term exemptions in paragraphs E3-E7 of IFRS 1, because they have now served their intended purpose, IFRS 12 - Clarifies the scope of the standard by specifying that the disclosure requirements in the standard, except for those in paragraphs B10-B16, apply to an entity's interests listed in paragraph 5 that are classified as held for sale, as held for distribution or as discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations,

IAS 28 - Clarifies that the election to measure at fair value through profit or loss an investment in an associate or a joint venture that is held by an entity that is a venture capital organisation, or other qualifying entity, is available for each investment in an associate or joint venture on an investment-by-investment basis, upon initial recognition. The amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, the amendment to IFRS 12 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted:

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective for the period ended 31 March 2018, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. Those standards that have relevance to the company are mentioned below:

IFRS 9 (2014) - Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments issued on 24 July 2014 is the IASB's replacement of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The Standard includes requirements for recognition and measurement, impairment, derecognition and general hedge accounting. The IASB completed its project to replace IAS 39 in phases, adding to the standard as it completed each phase.

The version of IFRS 9 issued in 2014 supersedes all previous versions and is mandatorily effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early adoption permitted (subject to local endorsement requirements). For a limited period, previous versions of IFRS 9 may be adopted early if not already done so provided the relevant date of initial application is before 1 February 2015.

IFRS 9 will impact the company by the classification, measurement, impairment and de-recognition of financial instruments.

IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 specifies how an IFRS reporter will recognise, measure, present and disclose leases. The standard provides a single lessee accounting model, requiring lessees to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases unless the lease term is 12 months or less or the underlying asset has a low value. Lessors continue to classify leases as operating or finance, with IFRS 16's approach to lessor accounting substantially unchanged from its predecessor, IAS 17. Effective to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

The effect on the company will be that on the statement of financial position, a right of use asset and a corresponding lease liability must be recognised for both operating and finance leases. In the income statement, any existing operating lease charge which is currently recognised within operating profit will be replaced by a depreciation charge in respect of the right to use the asset, and an interest cost in relation to the lease liability.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Annual Improvements 2014 - 2016 cycle

In December 2016, the IASB issued amendments to three standards as part of its annual improvement cycle. These changes affect IFRS 1 - Deletes the short-term exemptions in paragraphs E3-E7 of IFRS 1, because they have now served their intended purpose, IFRS 12 - Clarifies the scope of the standard by specifying that the disclosure requirements in the standard, except for those in paragraphs B10-B16, apply to an entity's interests listed in paragraph 5 that are classified as held for sale, as held for distribution or as discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations,

IAS 28 - Clarifies that the election to measure at fair value through profit or loss an investment in an associate or a joint venture that is held by an entity that is a venture capital organisation, or other qualifying entity, is available for each investment in an associate or joint venture on an investment-by-investment basis, upon initial recognition. The amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, the amendment to IFRS 12 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

Annual Improvements 2015 - 2017 cycle

In December 2017, the IASB published Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle, containing the following amendments to IFRSs:

IFRS 3 Business Combinations and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements. The amendments to IFRS 3 clarify that when an entity obtains control of a business that is a joint operation, it remeasures previously held interests in that business. The amendments to IFRS 11 clarify that when an entity obtains joint control of a business that is a joint operation, the entity does not remeasure previously held interests in that business. IAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendments clarify that the requirements in the former paragraph 52B (to recognise the income tax consequences of dividends where the transactions or events that generated distributable profits are recognised) apply to all income tax consequences of dividends by moving the paragraph away from paragraph 52A that only deals with situations where there are different tax rates for distributed and undistributed profits. IAS 23 Borrowing Costs. The amendments clarify that if any specific borrowing remains outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale, that borrowing becomes part of the funds that an entity borrows generally when calculating the capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

3. SEGMENTAL REPORTING

All revenue was generated within the United Kingdom.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

	Year Ended 31.3.18 £	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17 £
Wages and salaries	<u>3,000</u>	<u>2,133</u>

The average number of employees during the year was as follows:

	Year Ended 31.3.18	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17
Directors	<u>7</u>	<u>7</u>

	Year Ended 31.3.18 £	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17 £
Directors' remuneration	<u>3,000</u>	<u>2,133</u>

Directors' remuneration relates to those non executive directors who are not B&NES Councillors only.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

5. NET FINANCE COSTS

	Year Ended 31.3.18 £	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17 £
Finance costs:		
Other loan interest	32,241	19,446
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

6. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

The profit before taxation (2017 - loss before taxation) is stated after charging:

	Year Ended 31.3.18 £	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17 £
Auditors' remuneration	8,825	5,730
Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	4,116	23,796
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Breakdown of expenses by nature:

	31.03.2018 £	31.03.2017 £
Establishment costs	3,765	6,693
Administrative expenses	213,279	209,736
Finance costs	1,040	2,545
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total administrative expenses	218,084	218,974
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

7. TAXATION

Analysis of tax expense/(income)

	Year Ended 31.3.18 £	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17 £
Deferred tax	51,042	(28,391)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total tax expense/(income) in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	51,042	(28,391)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

The deferred tax income in 2018 relates to the origination and reversal of temporary differences.

For the year ended 31 March 2018 the company was subject to UK corporation tax at a rate of 19%.

8. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	Total £
FAIR VALUE	
At 1 April 2017	1,350,293
Additions	545,000
Revaluations	280,524
	<u> </u>
At 31 March 2018	2,175,817
	<u> </u>
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2018	2,175,817
	<u> </u>
At 31 March 2017	1,350,293
	<u> </u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

8. INVESTMENT PROPERTY - continued

Fair value at 31 March 2018 is represented by:

Valuation in 2018	£
Cost	280,524
	1,895,293
	2,175,817

9. INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertakings £
COST	
Additions	100
	100
At 31 March 2018	100
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2018	100

The company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date in the share capital of companies include the following:

Aequus Construction Limited

Registered office: 20 Old Bond Street, Bath, England, BA1 1BP

Nature of business: Property development

	%	
Class of shares:	holding	
Ordinary	100.00	

10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2018	2017
	£	£
Current:		
Other debtors	-	19,370
VAT	6,413	-
Prepayments and accrued income	7,873	275
	14,286	19,645

11. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Bank accounts	119,865	94,468

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:				
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2018	2017
100	Ordinary	£1	£	£
			100	100

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

13. RESERVES

	Retained earnings £	Other reserves £	Totals £
At 1 April 2017	(127,424)	-	(127,424)
Profit for the year	232,376		232,376
Transfer non distributable	(262,634)	262,634	-
	<u>(157,682)</u>	<u>262,634</u>	<u>104,952</u>
At 31 March 2018	<u>(157,682)</u>	<u>262,634</u>	<u>104,952</u>

Other reserves - Non distributable retained earnings which represent gains on revaluations of investment property after deduction of deferred tax.

14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2018 £	2017 £
Current:		
Trade creditors	271	13,610
Amounts owed to group undertakings	149,047	214,688
Other creditors	19,263	17,345
Accruals and deferred income	20,408	19,471
	<u>188,989</u>	<u>265,114</u>
Non-current:		
Amounts owed to group undertakings	<u>1,993,376</u>	<u>1,355,007</u>
Aggregate amounts	<u>2,182,365</u>	<u>1,620,121</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

This section gives a comprehensive overview of the significance of financial instruments for the company and provides additional information on Statement of Financial Position items that contain financial instruments. The following table presents the carrying amounts of each category of financial assets and liabilities:

	31 March 2018 £	31 March 2017
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables	14,286	19,645
Cash and cash equivalents	119,865	94,468
	134,151	114,113
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	2,182,365	1,620,121
	2,182,365	1,620,121

The following table presents the fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities measured at cost or amortised cost:

	31 March 2018		31 March 2017	
	Fair value £	Carrying value £	Fair Value £	Carrying Value £
Financial assets measured at cost or amortised cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	119,865	119,865	94,468	94,468
Other current financial assets	14,286	14,286	19,645	19,645
	134,151	134,151	114,113	114,113
Financial liabilities measured at cost or amortised cost				
Trade payables	271	271	13,610	13,610
Other current financial liabilities	188,718	188,718	251,504	251,504
Non current financial liabilities	1,993,376	1,993,376	1,355,007	1,355,007
	2,182,365	2,182,365	1,620,121	1,620,121

All financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, current receivables, other current financial assets, other assets, trade payables and other current financial liabilities and other liabilities approximate their carrying amount largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

There are no financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Exposure to foreign currency, credit, liquidity and cash flow interest rate risks arises in the normal course of the company's business. These risks are limited by the company's financial management policies and practices described below.

Foreign currency risk

The company has limited exposure to foreign currency risk. Substantially all of the company's sales and purchases are denominated in sterling.

Foreign currency sensitivity

As at the 31 March 2018 the company had no exposure to foreign currency transaction exposure.

Credit risk and market risk

The company is at risk from its customers defaulting in making payments for services that have been supplied to them or from properties let out to them on long term leases. The majority of the company's customers are based within the real estate market and therefore industry related changes or economic changes in the housing market present a risk to the company as opposed to credit risks.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk results from the company's potential inability to meet its financial liabilities, e.g. settlement of its financial debt, paying its suppliers and settling finance lease obligations. Beyond effective net working capital and cash management, the company mitigates liquidity risk by arranging borrowing facilities with its major shareholder BANES.

Cash flow interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest-bearing borrowings. The company's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available for its borrowings.

The company does not use any derivative instruments to reduce its economic exposure to changes in interest rates.

Equity price risk

The company does not hold investments in publicly traded companies. No equity price risk is therefore foreseen for the company.

The following table reflects all contractually fixed undiscounted pay-offs for settlement, repayments and interest resulting from recognised financial liabilities.

	2019	2020	2021 to 2023	2024 and thereafter
	£	£	£	£
Non derivative financial liabilities	188,989	73,333	172,852	1,771,258
Trade payables	271	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	188,718	73,333	172,852	1,771,258

The company does not have any derivative financial liabilities.

Cash outflows for financial liabilities without fixed amount or timing, including interest, are based on the conditions existing at 31 March 2018.

Trade payables and other financial liabilities mainly originate from the financing of assets used in our ongoing operations such as property, plant, equipment and investments in working capital - e.g. trade receivables. These assets are considered in the company's overall liquidity risk.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

The following table reflects the calculation of the company's net liquidity:

	31 March 2018	31 March 2017
	£	
Cash and cash equivalents	119,865	94,468
Receivables from group companies	-	-
	119,865	94,468
Total liquidity	119,865	94,468
Short term debt and current maturities of long term debt	24,067	35,228
Amounts due to group companies	124,980	179,460
Long term debt	1,993,376	1,355,007
	2,142,423	1,569,695
Total debt	2,142,423	1,569,695
Net liquidity	(2,022,558)	(1,475,227)

Capital management

The company defines its capital structure as net debt and equity. The primary objective of the company's capital management is to ensure that it makes optimal use of the working capital generated from its trading profits. The company's management focus is on generating positive cash flow from operations and maintaining a positive relationship of the company's current assets and current liabilities.

16. DEFERRED TAX

	2018	2017
	£	£
Balance at 1 April	(28,391)	-
Change in rate of tax	2,989	(28,391)
Movement	364	-
Revaluation gain	47,689	-
	22,651	(28,391)
Balance at 31 March	22,651	(28,391)

Deferred tax assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

	Year ended 31 Mar 2018	Year ended 31 Mar 2017
Assets:		
Investment property	-	-
Provisions and tax losses	-	28,391
	-	28,391
Deferred tax asset	-	28,391
Liabilities:		
Investment property	(47,689)	-
Provisions and tax losses	25,038	-
	(22,651)	-
Deferred tax liability	(22,651)	-
Total deferred tax (liability)assets, net	(22,651)	28,391

Management considers to what extent it is probable that the deferred tax assets will be realised. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable profits during the periods in which those temporary differences and tax loss carry forwards become deductible.

17. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent undertaking is Bath and North East Somerset Council (BANES). BANES is the only group entity of which the company is a member for which group accounts are prepared. Copies of Group accounts are available at:

www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/your-council-and-democracy/budgets-and-spending/annual-accounts

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018**

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Transactions and balances between the company and its parent company BANES are disclosed below:

	Year ended 31 March 2018	Period ended 31 March 2017
	£	
Purchase of investment property	545,000	1,350,293
Purchase of external services provided	85,579	138,133
Other goods and services	14,026	28,584
Interest expense	33,222	19,446
Loan arrangement fees	945	2,520
 Sales - Recharges	 24,150	 -

Year end balances arising from loans received from BANES amount to:

	Period ended 31 March 2018	Period ended 31 March 2017
	£	
Loan payable to parent undertaking	2,017,443	1,390,235
Trade payables	124,980	179,460

The loan payable to BANES is secured upon a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. Interest is charged on the loans amounting to EU Base plus 1% or EU Base plus 4% depending on the purpose of the loan.

Transactions and balances between the company and its subsidiary Aequus Construction Limited are disclosed below:

	Year ended 31 March 2018	Period ended 31 March 2017
	£	
Sales - Recharges	85,101	-

REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Seconded officer costs	38,319	35,842

These costs were paid to the members of key management by BANES and recharged to Aequus Developments Limited.

19. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no significant events after the reporting period.

20. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	Year Ended 31.3.18	Period 14.3.16 to 31.3.17
	£	£
Profit/(loss) before taxation	283,418	(155,815)
Movement in group trade payables	(54,480)	179,460
Investment property revaluation	(280,524)	-
Finance costs	32,241	19,446
	(19,345)	43,091
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	5,359	(19,645)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(10,484)	50,426
 Cash generated from operations	 (24,470)	 73,872

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

21. **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Year ended 31 March 2018

	31.3.18	1.4.17
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	119,865	94,468
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Period ended 31 March 2017

	31.3.17	14.3.16
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	94,468	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

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Report of the Directors and
Financial Statements
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018
for
Aequus Construction Limited

Contents of the Financial Statements
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

	Page
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2
Report of the Independent Auditors	4
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	6
Statement of Financial Position	7
Statement of Changes in Equity	8
Statement of Cash Flows	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10

Aequus Construction Limited

Company Information
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

DIRECTORS:

D P E Quilter
T Richens

REGISTERED OFFICE:

20 Old Bond Street
Bath
BA1 5BP

REGISTERED NUMBER:

10832066 (England and Wales)

**Report of the Directors
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018**

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018.

INCORPORATION

The company was incorporated on 22 June 2017.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of property development and construction.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

It gives me great pleasure to present this Annual Report to shareholders, the first since establishment of Aequus Construction Limited (ACL) in June 2017.

ACL was established as a wholly owned subsidiary of Aequus Developments Limited (ADL), to deliver the construction and development of sites for Bath & North East Somerset Council (the Council).

The creation of ACL has allowed both ADL and ACL to focus on their differing businesses and to take advantage of the different areas of expertise of management and professional advisors.

Operational progress: The project

During the year, the first ACL project, Riverside View, Keynsham, started on site in November 2017; the project will deliver 95 apartments through renovation of an old office building.

The strip out of the building was almost complete by the end of March 18; the contractors for the shell and core works have been appointed and since the year end have started on site. Soft market launch is anticipated for early Autumn 2018 and first sales are anticipated in Spring 2019.

In the meantime, ACL is working with the Council to bring forward further development sites during 2018/19 and also working on potential Joint Ventures with local public bodies.

The development pipeline of sites is a key priority for the business.

The executive team has demonstrated their capacity for innovation, proactively seeking opportunities both within and outside the Bath and North East Somerset area, looking at options for independent purchase and development and for working with and for partner public bodies.

Some of this innovation will lead to real opportunities and to a pipeline which will bring further confidence for future years and continued returns to the shareholder.

Financial performance

In total, £1.6m worth of capital receipt has been returned to the Council on completion of the lease for Riverside View plus £260,000 worth of works to retail units, together with interest and arrangement payments on loans to a total of £45,707.

The Council target for revenue returns from ADL and ACL is £300,000 for 2017/18 increasing to £450,000 in 2018/19 and £600,000 thereafter. This will be met by interest returns, and dividend release.

The ability of ADL and ACL to meet this target is largely dependent on the development pipeline; at this point we are encouraged by the performance of our pipeline opportunities which gives us confidence for the future.

The opportunity

ACL will work with its shareholder and partners to continue to grow the pipeline of developments to ensure that it delivers sustainable growth and returns to its shareholder.

We will bring forward sites quickly, not land banking, promote low energy homes delivering sustainable communities and working with the local housing teams to deliver schemes that meet identified local needs.

The quality and number of homes for the future extends beyond the current pipeline of developments. We will seek to new opportunities both through working in partnership and via our acquisition programme to bring forward sites that address agreed local housing needs and generate a return to our shareholder.

EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE PERIOD

Information relating to events since the end of the period is given in the notes to the financial statements.

**Report of the Directors
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018**

DIRECTORS

The directors who have held office during the period from 22 June 2017 to the date of this report are as follows:

M Shields - appointed 22 June 2017
D P E Quilter - appointed 22 June 2017
T Richens - appointed 22 June 2017

M Shields ceased to be a director after 31 March 2018 but prior to the date of this report.

Both the directors who are eligible offer themselves for election at the forthcoming first Annual General Meeting.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Aequus Construction's financial risk management objectives and policies, including exposure to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, MHA Monahans, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

.....
T Richens - Director

Date:

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Aequus Construction Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Aequus Construction Limited (the 'company') for the period ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its loss for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of
Aequus Construction Limited

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

The report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Martin Longmore (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of MHA Monahans
Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
Lennox House
3 Pierrepont Street
Bath
BA1 1LB

Date:

Aequus Construction Limited (Registered number: 10832066)

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

	Notes	£
CONTINUING OPERATIONS		
Revenue		-
Administrative expenses		(163,648)
OPERATING LOSS		(163,648)
Finance costs	5	(337)
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION	6	(163,985)
Taxation	7	25,053
LOSS FOR THE PERIOD		(138,932)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		(138,932)

The notes form part of these financial statements

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2018

	Notes	£
ASSETS		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Deferred tax	15	25,053
		<hr/>
CURRENT ASSETS		
Inventories	8	2,478,037
Trade and other receivables	9	117,396
Cash and cash equivalents	10	221,730
		<hr/>
		2,817,163
		<hr/>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>2,842,216</u>
EQUITY		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Called up share capital	11	100
Retained earnings	12	(138,932)
		<hr/>
TOTAL EQUITY		<u>(138,832)</u>
LIABILITIES		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Trade and other payables	13	2,470,000
		<hr/>
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Trade and other payables	13	511,048
		<hr/>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>2,981,048</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u>2,842,216</u>

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on and were signed on its behalf by:

.....
T Richens - Director

Statement of Changes in Equity
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Changes in equity			
Total comprehensive income	-	(138,932)	(138,932)
Issue of share capital	100	-	100
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at 31 March 2018	100	(138,932)	(138,832)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Aequus Construction Limited (Registered number: 10832066)

Statement of Cash Flows
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

		£
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash generated from operations	20	(2,248,033)
Interest paid		(337)
		<hr/>
Net cash from operating activities		(2,248,370)
		<hr/>
Cash flows from financing activities		
New loans in year		2,470,000
Share issue		100
		<hr/>
Net cash from financing activities		2,470,100
		<hr/>
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		221,730
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	21	-
		<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	21	221,730
		<hr/> <hr/>

The notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Aequus Construction Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and IFRIC interpretations and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

For 2018, based on their assessment of the company's financial position, future performance, liquidity and risks, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for at least the next twelve months. Thus the company adopts the going concern basis of preparation for the financial statements.

Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets of the company mainly include cash and cash equivalents, available-for-sale financial assets, trade receivables, loans receivable, finance lease receivables and derivative financial instruments with a positive fair value, including receivables from group companies. Cash and cash equivalents are not included within the category available-for-sale financial assets as these financial instruments are not subject to fluctuations in value. Financial liabilities of the company mainly comprise loans from group companies and trade payables including amounts due to group companies. The company does not make use of the option to designate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss at inception (Fair Value Option). Based on their nature, financial instruments are classified as financial assets and financial liabilities measured at cost or amortised cost and financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value.

Financial instruments are recognised on the Statement of Financial Position when the company becomes a party to the contractual obligations of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets, i.e. purchases or sales under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned, are accounted for at the trade date.

Initially, financial instruments are recognised at their fair value. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial instruments are only recognised in determining the carrying amount, if the financial instruments are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Subsequently, financial assets and liabilities are measured according to the category to which they are assigned.

Cash and cash equivalents

The company considers all highly liquid investments with less than three months maturity from the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are measured at cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

For certain categories of financial asset, such as trade receivables, assets that are assessed not to be impaired individually are, in addition, assessed for impairment on a collective basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of 30 days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Loans and receivables

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment losses. Impairment losses on trade and other receivables are recognised using separate allowance accounts.

Financial liabilities

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Inventories

Inventories are initially stated at cost or at the fair value at acquisition date and then held at the lower of this initial amount and net realisable value. Costs comprise direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution. Land is recognised in inventory when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the company.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the country in which the company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised on an accruals basis and are payable on the company's borrowings. Also included in borrowing costs is the amortisation of fees associated with the arrangement of the financing.

New and amended standards effective for the period ended 31 March 2018

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those applied since incorporation except for the following new and amended IFRSs that impact the company. The nature and impact of each new standard and amendments are described below:

Annual Improvements 2014 - 2016 cycle

In December 2016, the IASB issued amendments to three standards as part of its annual improvement cycle. These changes affect IFRS 1 - Deletes the short-term exemptions in paragraphs E3-E7 of IFRS 1, because they have now served their intended purpose, IFRS 12 - Clarifies the scope of the standard by specifying that the disclosure requirements in the standard, except for those in paragraphs B10-B16, apply to an entity's interests listed in paragraph 5 that are classified as held for sale, as held for distribution or as discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations,

IAS 28 - Clarifies that the election to measure at fair value through profit or loss an investment in an associate or a joint venture that is held by an entity that is a venture capital organisation, or other qualifying entity, is available for each investment in an associate or joint venture on an investment-by-investment basis, upon initial recognition. The amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, the amendment to IFRS 12 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

2. **ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued**

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted:

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective for the period ended 31 March 2018, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. Those standards that have relevance to the company are mentioned below:

IFRS 9 (2014) - Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments issued on 24 July 2014 is the IASB's replacement of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The Standard includes requirements for recognition and measurement, impairment, derecognition and general hedge accounting. The IASB completed its project to replace IAS 39 in phases, adding to the standard as it completed each phase.

The version of IFRS 9 issued in 2014 supersedes all previous versions and is mandatorily effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018 with early adoption permitted (subject to local endorsement requirements). For a limited period, previous versions of IFRS 9 may be adopted early if not already done so provided the relevant date of initial application is before 1 February 2015.

IFRS 9 will impact the company by the classification, measurement, impairment and de-recognition of financial instruments.

IFRS 15 - Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15, effective for years beginning after 1 January 2018, replaces all existing revenue requirements in IFRS (IAS 11 Construction Contracts, IAS 18 Revenue, IFRIC 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 Transfers of Assets from Customers and SIC 31 Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services) and applies to all revenue arising from contracts with customers. It also provides a model for the recognition and measurement of disposal of certain non-financial assets including property, equipment and intangible assets. The standard outlines the principles an entity must apply to measure and recognise revenue. The core principle is that an entity will recognise revenue at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer.

The standard requires entities to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying each step of the model to contracts with their customers. The standard also specifies how to account for the incremental costs of obtaining a contract and the costs directly related to fulfilling a contract.

Given the company is yet to recognise revenue, future revenue of the company will be recognised in accordance with this standard.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Annual Improvements 2014 - 2016 cycle

In December 2016, the IASB issued amendments to three standards as part of its annual improvement cycle. These changes affect IFRS 1 - Deletes the short-term exemptions in paragraphs E3-E7 of IFRS 1, because they have now served their intended purpose, IFRS 12 - Clarifies the scope of the standard by specifying that the disclosure requirements in the standard, except for those in paragraphs B10-B16, apply to an entity's interests listed in paragraph 5 that are classified as held for sale, as held for distribution or as discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations,

IAS 28 - Clarifies that the election to measure at fair value through profit or loss an investment in an associate or a joint venture that is held by an entity that is a venture capital organisation, or other qualifying entity, is available for each investment in an associate or joint venture on an investment-by-investment basis, upon initial recognition. The amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, the amendment to IFRS 12 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.

Annual Improvements 2015 - 2017 cycle

In December 2017, the IASB published Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle, containing the following amendments to IFRSs:

IFRS 3 Business Combinations and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements. The amendments to IFRS 3 clarify that when an entity obtains control of a business that is a joint operation, it remeasures previously held interests in that business. The amendments to IFRS 11 clarify that when an entity obtains joint control of a business that is a joint operation, the entity does not remeasure previously held interests in that business. IAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendments clarify that the requirements in the former paragraph 52B (to recognise the income tax consequences of dividends where the transactions or events that generated distributable profits are recognised) apply to all income tax consequences of dividends by moving the paragraph away from paragraph 52A that only deals with situations where there are different tax rates for distributed and undistributed profits. IAS 23 Borrowing Costs. The amendments clarify that if any specific borrowing remains outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale, that borrowing becomes part of the funds that an entity borrows generally when calculating the capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Critical accounting judgements

Management have not made any individual critical accounting judgements that are material to the company, apart from those estimations which are set out below.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Key sources of estimation uncertainty are those which present a significant risk of potential material misstatement to carrying amounts of assets or liabilities within the next financial year. There are no key sources of estimation uncertainty in the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2018.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

There were no staff costs for the period ended 31 March 2018.

The average number of employees during the period was as follows:

Directors	3
	=====
	£
Directors' remuneration	-
	=====

5. NET FINANCE COSTS

	£
Finance costs:	
Loan interest	337
	=====

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

6. LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

Breakdown of expenses by nature:

	31.03.2018
	£
Establishment costs	1,655
Administrative expenses	161,843
Finance costs	150
	<hr/>
Total administrative expenses	163,648
	<hr/>

7. TAXATION

Analysis of tax income

Deferred tax	£ (25,053)
	<hr/>
Total tax income in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	(25,053)
	<hr/> <hr/>

The deferred tax income in 2018 relates to the origination and reversal of temporary differences.

For the year ended 31 March 2018 the company was subject to UK corporation tax at a rate of 19%. For future years the company will be subject to corporation tax at 17%.

8. INVENTORIES

Work-in-progress	£ 2,478,037
	<hr/> <hr/>

9. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Current:	£
VAT	54,591
Prepayments and accrued income	62,805
	<hr/>
	117,396
	<hr/> <hr/>

10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Bank accounts	£ 221,730
	<hr/> <hr/>

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	£
100	Ordinary	£1	100
			<hr/> <hr/>

On incorporation 100 £1 ordinary shares were issued at par.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

12. RESERVES	Retained earnings £
Deficit for the period	(138,932)
At 31 March 2018	<u>(138,932)</u>
13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	£
Current:	
Trade creditors	136,259
Amounts owed to group undertakings	326,362
Accruals and deferred income	48,427
	<u>511,048</u>
Non-current:	
Amounts owed to group undertakings	<u>2,470,000</u>
Aggregate amounts	<u>2,981,048</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018**

14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

This section gives a comprehensive overview of the significance of financial instruments for the company and provides additional information on Statement of Financial Position items that contain financial instruments. The following table presents the carrying amounts of each category of financial assets and liabilities:

	31 March 2018 £
Financial assets	
Loans and receivables	117,396
Cash and cash equivalents	221,730
	<hr/>
	339,126
	<hr/>
Financial liabilities	
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	2,981,048
	<hr/>
	2,981,048
	<hr/>

The following table presents the fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities measured at cost or amortised cost:

	Fair value £	31 March 2018 Carrying value £
Financial assets measured at cost or amortised cost		
Cash and cash equivalents	221,730	221,730
Other current financial assets	117,396	117,396
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	339,126	339,126
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Financial liabilities measured at cost or amortised cost		
Trade payables	136,259	136,259
Other current financial liabilities	374,789	374,789
Non current financial liabilities	2,470,000	2,470,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2,981,048	2,981,048
	<hr/>	<hr/>

All financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, current receivables, other current financial assets, other assets, trade payables and other current financial liabilities and other liabilities approximate their carrying amount largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

There are no financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Exposure to foreign currency, credit, liquidity and cash flow interest rate risks arises in the normal course of the company's business. These risks are limited by the company's financial management policies and practices described below.

Foreign currency risk

The company has limited exposure to foreign currency risk. Substantially all of the company's purchases are denominated in sterling.

Foreign currency sensitivity

As at the 31 March 2018 the company had no exposure to foreign currency transaction exposure.

Credit risk and market risk

The majority of the company's customers are based within the real estate market and therefore industry related changes or economic changes in the housing market present a risk to the company as opposed to credit risks.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk results from the company's potential inability to meet its financial liabilities, e.g. settlement of its financial debt, paying its suppliers and settling finance lease obligations. Beyond effective net working capital and cash management, the company mitigates liquidity risk by arranging borrowing facilities with its major shareholder BANES.

Cash flow interest rate risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest-bearing borrowings. The company's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available for its borrowings.

The company does not use any derivative instruments to reduce its economic exposure to changes in interest rates.

Equity price risk

The company does not hold investments in publicly traded companies. No equity price risk is therefore foreseen for the company.

The following table reflects all contractually fixed undiscounted pay-offs for settlement, repayments and interest resulting from recognised financial liabilities.

	2019 £	2020 £	2021 to 2023 £	2024 and thereafter £
Non derivative financial liabilities	561,048	-	2,470,000	-
Trade payables	136,259	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	374,789	-	2,470,000	-

There are no derivative financial liabilities.

Cash outflows for financial liabilities without fixed amount or timing, including interest, are based on the conditions existing at 31 March 2018.

Trade payables and other financial liabilities mainly originate from the financing of assets used in our ongoing operations such as property, plant, equipment and investments in working capital - e.g. trade receivables. These assets are considered in the company's overall liquidity risk.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018**

The following table reflects the calculation of the company's net liquidity:

	31 March 2018
	£
Cash and cash equivalents	221,730
Receivables from group companies	-
	<hr/>
Total liquidity	221,730
	<hr/>
Short term debt and current maturities of long term debt	184,686
Amounts due to group companies	326,362
Long term debt	2,470,000
	<hr/>
Total debt	2,981,048
	<hr/>
Net liquidity	(2,759,318)
	<hr/>

Capital management

The company defines its capital structure as net debt and equity. The primary objective of the company's capital management is to ensure that it makes optimal use of the working capital generated from its trading profits. The company's management focus is on generating positive cash flow from operations and maintaining a positive relationship of the company's current assets and current liabilities.

15. DEFERRED TAX

	£
Income statement	(25,053)
	<hr/>
Balance at 31 March	(25,053)
	<hr/>

Deferred tax assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

	Year ended 31 Mar 2018
Assets:	
Property, plant and equipment	-
Provisions and tax losses	25,053
	<hr/>
Deferred tax asset	25,053
	<hr/>
Liabilities:	
Property, plant and equipment	-
Provisions and tax losses	-
	<hr/>
Deferred tax liability	-
	<hr/>
Total deferred tax assets, net	25,053
	<hr/>

Management considers to what extent it is probable that the deferred tax assets will be realised. The ultimate realisation of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable profits during the periods in which those temporary differences and tax loss carry forwards become deductible.

16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent undertaking is Bath and North East Somerset Council (BANES). BANES is the only group entity of which the company is a member for which group accounts are prepared. Copies of Group accounts are available at:
www.bathnes.gov.uk/services/your-council-and-democracy/budgets-and-spending/annual-accounts

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018**

17. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	£
Contracted but not provided for in the financial statements	<u>61,414</u>

18. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Transactions and balances between the company and other members of the group to which it is a member are disclosed below:

Transactions with BANES.

	Year ended 31 March 2018
	£
Purchase of land and property	1,600,000
Other goods and services	201,199
Interest recharge	42,537
Loan arrangement fees	3,170

Year end balances arising from loans received from BANES amount to:

	Period ended 31 March 2018
	£
Loan payable to parent undertaking	2,470,000
Trade payables	326,362

The loan payable to BANES is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company assets. Interest is charged on the loans at EU base plus 4%. BANES has also provided a guarantee to certain company suppliers.

Transactions with Aequus Developments Limited (immediate parent undertaking)

	Year ended 31 March 2018
	£
Other goods and services	<u>85,101</u>

REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

	2018
	£
Seconded officer costs	<u>82,411</u>

These costs were paid to the members of key management by BANES and recharged to Aequus Construction Limited.

19. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no significant events after the reporting period.

20. RECONCILIATION OF LOSS BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	£
Loss before taxation	(163,985)
Finance costs	337
	<hr/>
	(163,648)
Increase in inventories	(2,478,037)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(117,396)
Increase in trade and other payables	511,048
	<hr/>
Cash generated from operations	<u><u>(2,248,033)</u></u>

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Period 22 June 2017 to 31 March 2018

21. **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Period ended 31 March 2018

	31.3.18	22.6.17
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>221,730</u>	<u>-</u>

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Bath & North East Somerset Council

MEETING:	Resources PDS Panel	
MEETING DATE:	12th September 2018	EXECUTIVE FORWARD PLAN REFERENCE:
TITLE:	Revenue & Capital Outturn 2017/18	
WARD:	All	
AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM		
<p>List of attachments to this report: Revenue & Capital Outturn Cabinet Report 2017/18 Appendix 1: Detailed Revenue Budget Outturn Appendices 2(i) & 2(ii): Proposed Revenue Virements & Revised Revenue Cash Limits 2017/18 Appendix 3: Detailed Capital Variance & Rephasing Requests 2017/18 Appendices 4(i) & 4(ii): Capital Virements & Capital Programme by Portfolio 2017/18</p>		

1. THE ISSUE

1.1 The report was considered by the Cabinet at their June 2018 meeting. It presents the revenue and capital outturn for 2017/18.

2. RECOMMENDATION

2.1 That the Resources Panel consider the report.

Contact person	Donna Parham – 01225 477468; Gary Adams – 01225 477107; Andy Rothery – 01225 47103; Donna_Parham@bathnes.gov.uk ; Gary_Adams@bathnes.gov.uk ; Andy_Rothery@bathnes.gov.uk ;
Sponsoring Cabinet Member	<i>Councillor Charles Gerrish</i>
Background papers	<i>2017/18 Budget Monitoring reports to the Cabinet; Revenue and Capital Budget Setting reports, Budget Management Scheme</i>
Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format	

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Bath & North East Somerset Council

MEETING:	Cabinet	
MEETING DATE:	27 June 2018	EXECUTIVE FORWARD PLAN REFERENCE:
		E 3069
TITLE:	Revenue & Capital Outturn 2017/18	
WARD:	All	
AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM		
List of attachments to this report: Appendix 1: Detailed Revenue Budget Outturn Appendices 2(i) & 2(ii): Proposed Revenue Virements & Revised Revenue Cash Limits 2017/18 Appendix 3: Detailed Capital Variance & Rephasing Requests 2017/18 Appendices 4(i) & 4(ii): Capital Virements & Capital Programme by Portfolio 2017/18		

1. THE ISSUE

- 1.1 The report presents the revenue and capital outturn for 2017/18, highlighting a net revenue over budget position of £1.255m after allowing for proposed carry forwards. The position has vastly improved through the management actions that were agreed and implemented earlier in the financial year. The improvement has continued since the last report, which forecast an over budget position of £3.396m based on monitoring for the year to December 2017, mainly due to lower cost of Children's placements and improved income in Adult Social Care.
- 1.2 The report refers to requests to carry forward specific revenue budget items to 2018/19 and to write-off revenue over budgets where recovery in future years would have an adverse impact on continuing service delivery. Budgets were also rebased for 2018/19 to realign them. It is proposed that the over budget position is funded by appropriate drawdowns from the mitigations set aside earlier in the financial year that were held as contingency against in year spending pressures. This includes the use of the specific transitional grant funding provided by the government and set aside by the Council at the start of the financial year.
- 1.3 The report also refers to requests to re-phase specific capital budget items to 2018/19 and to remove net capital underspends.

2. RECOMMENDATION

The Cabinet:

- 2.1 Notes the revenue budget outturn over budget of £1.255m (including carry forwards) for 2017/18 and the funding mitigations used;

- 2.2 Approves the carry forward requests outlined in paragraphs 5.5;
- 2.3 Approves that all over budgets are written-off as an exception to the Budget Management Rules for 2017/18.
- 2.4 Notes the revenue virements for 2017/18 reported for information in Appendix 2(i)
- 2.5 Notes the reserve positions and the use of flexible capital receipts shown in paragraphs 5.15-5.17;
- 2.6 Notes the outturn position of the 2017/18 capital programme in paragraph 5.23, and the funding outlined in paragraph 5.25;
- 2.7 Notes the further use of CIL funding in 2017/18 outlined in paragraph 5.26;
- 2.8 Approves the capital rephasing and write-off of net underspends as listed in Appendix 3. This reflects the outturn spend position on projects against final budgets as detailed in Appendix 4(ii).

3. RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS (FINANCE, PROPERTY, PEOPLE)

- 3.1 These are contained throughout the report and appendices.

4. STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS AND BASIS FOR PROPOSAL

- 4.1 The annual Medium Term Financial Strategy and planning process allocates resources across services with alignment of these resources towards the Council's corporate priorities. This report monitors how the Council has performed against the budget and Capital Programme set in February 2017.

5. THE REPORT

- 5.1 This report provides information about the Council's financial performance against its revenue and capital budgets in 2017/18.

Revenue Budgets

- 5.2 The report identifies that after allowing for carry forwards, the Council was over budget by £1.255m, which to give some context, represents 0.4% of gross budgeted spend excluding schools. The table below shows the overall position by portfolio:-

Portfolio	Original Budget £'m	Revised Budget £'m	Outturn £'m	Variance £'m
Leader	5.161	2.583	2.469	(0.114)
Finance & Efficiency	(2.385)	0.725	0.049	(0.676)
Transformation & Customer Services	4.433	7.159	6.944	(0.215)
Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing	59.548	60.507	61.654	1.148

Portfolio	Original Budget £'m	Revised Budget £'m	Outturn £'m	Variance £'m
Children & Young People	25.285	28.029	29.563	1.534
Economic & Community Regeneration	(3.597)	(4.134)	(4.771)	(0.636)
Development & Neighbourhoods	20.488	20.894	20.756	(0.138)
Transport & Environment	3.957	(0.087)	0.111	0.197
Total	112.890	115.675	116.775	1.100
Carry Forward Requests			0.155	0.155
Total (incl Carry Forwards)	112.890	115.675	116.930	1.255

Note: The revised budget above excludes the mitigations as detailed in paragraph 5.6

5.3 The main areas of over/under budget (greater than £1m) are as follows:-

Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing – £1.148m over budget - The overspend relates to continued pressure on Adult Social care spend arising from demographic change, with increasing levels of complexity and acuity of need impacting on the cost of individual packages of care / placements, despite enhanced control measures. The service has also experienced inflationary pressures arising from factors including the implementation of the National Living Wage / Sleep-in Cover, and a lack of resilience in the care home market leading to a shortfall in supply and a "sellers-market", a position which has been exacerbated by recent care home closures and the full-year effect of closures in 2016/17 (the lateness of these closures meant that they could not be reflected in the 2017/18 budget). The net overspend of £1.148m is after the planned use of £1.3m from earmarked Social Care reserves.

Children & Young People - £1.534m over budget - The overspend relates to demand driven pressures mainly relating to children's social care placement costs due to a significant increase in expenditure for supporting individual children, in particular, the support for residential placements, support for fostered (including independent fostering) and court directed parent and baby placements, along with direct payments for clients at risk of care and inter-agency adoption placements.

5.4 Further detail of outturn budget variances is attached at Appendix 1.

Carry Forward Requests

5.5 The following carry forward requests have been made for approval:-

Request and Reason for Request	£'m
Economy & Culture – Arts Commissioning	0.106
The original phasing of budget reductions 2017-2020, for Arts Development, was a stepped reduction over 3 years, ending in a	

Request and Reason for Request	£'m
very reduced budget in Y3 2019/20. For the relevant commissions, this was untenable and therefore the service discussed smoothing the effect of the reductions with senior managers which means a carry forward is needed as commissions have only been awarded in January 2018	
Economy & Culture - WW1 Memorial Cleaning The piece of work has been commissioned but it spans over 2 financial years and a carry forward has been requested as this is a standalone piece of work and can be afforded from the 2017/18 budgets	0.014
Customer Services The service is making a request to carry forward £35k out of its favourable variance to fund extension of the targeted debt recovery work on housing benefit that has been on-going in current year and has been very productive. Due to late notification of DWP additional funding (early March '18) this request was not included in the February report	0.035
Total	0.155

Mitigations

5.6 The over budget position of £1.255m has been mitigated and financed as follows:-

Mitigation	£'m
Release of 2017/18 Transition Fund Grant	0.930
Release of the Strategic Risk Provision (provision for reduced savings delivery)	0.325
Total	1.255

5.7 As a result of the improvement in the final overall revenue outturn position, the remaining funding mitigations identified earlier in the financial year of £1.2m have been transferred to the Transformation Investment Reserve (£0.9m) and the Severance & Restructuring Reserve (£0.3m) to provide a contingency for one-off costs of delivering service changes required over the medium term.

5.8 It is recommended that all over budgets are written off as an exception to the Budget Management Scheme Rules to retain budget stability in 2018/19. The budgets were also rebased to realign to funding requirements.

5.9 The ongoing implications arising from the year end have been analysed and it can be confirmed that these have been factored into the 2018/19 budget. However, Children's Services remains a key risk in terms of whether the provision made is

sufficient to meet demand in 2018/19 and will be examined as part of the budget monitoring process, including appropriate mitigating actions.

Delivery of Savings

5.10 The 2017/18 approved budget included the requirement for the delivery of £14.5m of savings. The final outturn position included achievement of £11.9m or 82% of the savings target. Savings items that are no longer deliverable in 2017/18 have been reviewed alongside other recurring budget pressures and have been incorporated into the financial planning assumptions for the 2018/19 budget.

Schools

5.11 The Overall Dedicated Schools Grant for 2017-18 was £128.71m, £31.040m of this is retained by the LA to support Special Educational Needs and Early Years. The remainder (£97.670m) is allocated to schools through a funding formula.

5.12 The centrally held elements of the Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) have overspent by £1.994m reducing earmarked reserves to £0.020m. The main reason for the decrease in the DSG balance is an over budget position in Special Educational Needs expenditure. This balance is automatically carried forward under the DSG accounting arrangements, and budget adjustments have been made to reflect this. The 2018/19 budget rebasing included £2.3m for the increased cost of Special Education Needs.

5.13 Schools balances reduced by £0.929m to £1.118m at the year-end, this is mainly due to schools transferring their balances (a total of £0.717m) when they converted to academies. The remaining schools have reduced their balances overall by £0.212m. These are closely monitored by Schools Forum which has adopted an excessive balances policy in line with continued DFE best practise guidance. All schools with balances deemed to be excessive are challenged to explain their position. Most large balances are retained as part of plans for capital projects in schools.

Public Health

5.14 The Public Health budget is currently ringfenced. The year-end outturn was a £0.348m under budget position mainly due to staffing vacancies and initiatives budgeted but not completed in-year, this has been transferred to the Public Health Reserve which held £0.630m as at the 31st March 2018. Budgets have been adjusted to reflect the transfer to reserves.

Reserves and Flexible Capital Receipts

5.15 The year-end position of Corporate earmarked reserves excluding service earmarked reserves is as follows:-

Corporate Earmarked Reserves	£'m
Insurance Fund	1.831
Capital Financing Reserve	5.930
Revenue Budget Contingency*	2.399
Transformation Investment Reserve	2.381

Corporate Earmarked Reserves	£'m
Business Rates Reserve	2.521
City Deal Smoothing Reserve	0.915
Restructuring & Severance Reserve	2.228
Financial Planning and Smoothing Reserve	7.122
Invest to Save Reserve	1.649
Public Health Grant Reserve	0.630
Community Empowerment Fund	0.324
Revenue Grants Unapplied	0.837
Revenue Funding of Capital Reserve	0.285
Other	0.510
Sub Total	29.561
* Balance excludes any allocations agreed from the Revenue Budget Contingency	

5.16 The year-end position of non-earmarked reserves, after allowing for carry forwards was £12.3m in line with the risk assessed requirements of a range of £11.9m to £13.1m.

Flexible Use of Capital Receipts

5.17 Council approved a revised Efficiency Strategy in February 2018 as part of the 2018/19 budget. This enables the authority to utilise capital receipts for once-off spend such as severance costs that result in the delivery of ongoing savings. Flexible capital receipts of £3.124m were utilised in 2017/18 and it is estimated that this will release ongoing revenue savings of £1.678m in 2018/19 rising to £2.443m in 2019/20.

Council Tax, Business Rates and Collection Fund

5.18 The Council Tax Support Scheme commenced in April 2013. For 2017/18, the taxbase included an adjustment of £8.1m for the estimated costs of the scheme based on Government projections for Universal Credit transfers. The outturn position has shown that the cost of the scheme at the year-end was £8.6m. The impact of this is reflected in the Collection Fund table shown below. The main reason for the additional cost was the delay by DWP in moving residents to Universal Credit.

5.19 The collection rate for Council Tax was 99.15%, compared to the target of 98.75%

5.20 2017/18 was the first year of the 100% business rates pilot. The table below shows the outturn position of the Council's share of the surplus/ deficit. Although this shows a deficit the Council receives S31 grant separately to offset Government initiatives such as the impacts of amendments to Small Business Rate Relief entitlement. B&NES received £5.1m in S31 grants for 2017/18 which was £1.4m above budget. The Council holds a Business Rates Reserve to ensure that the General Fund is not adversely impacted in any one year. Following outturn transfers, the balance of the Business Rate Reserve was £2.5m as at the 31st March 2018. There are a number of factors impacting on Business Rates in that growth is lower than anticipated and there has been an increase in reliefs, mainly relating to small business and empty property reliefs. The loss of income

from conversion of commercial property to student accommodation continues to be a risk. The collection rate for Non Domestic Rates was 99.33% at the end of the year compared to the target of 98.75%.

5.21 The following table shows the overall estimated position, for which provision was made in the 2018/19 Budget Report, and the actual outturn position for the Council share of the Collection Fund for 2017/18. These figures exclude preceptor and central government shares:-

	Estimated Surplus/ (Deficit) £'m	Actual Surplus/ (Deficit) £'m	Difference £'m
Council Tax	(0.042)	(0.154)	(0.112)
Business Rates	(1.731)	(1.473)	0.258
Total	(1.773)	(1.627)	0.146

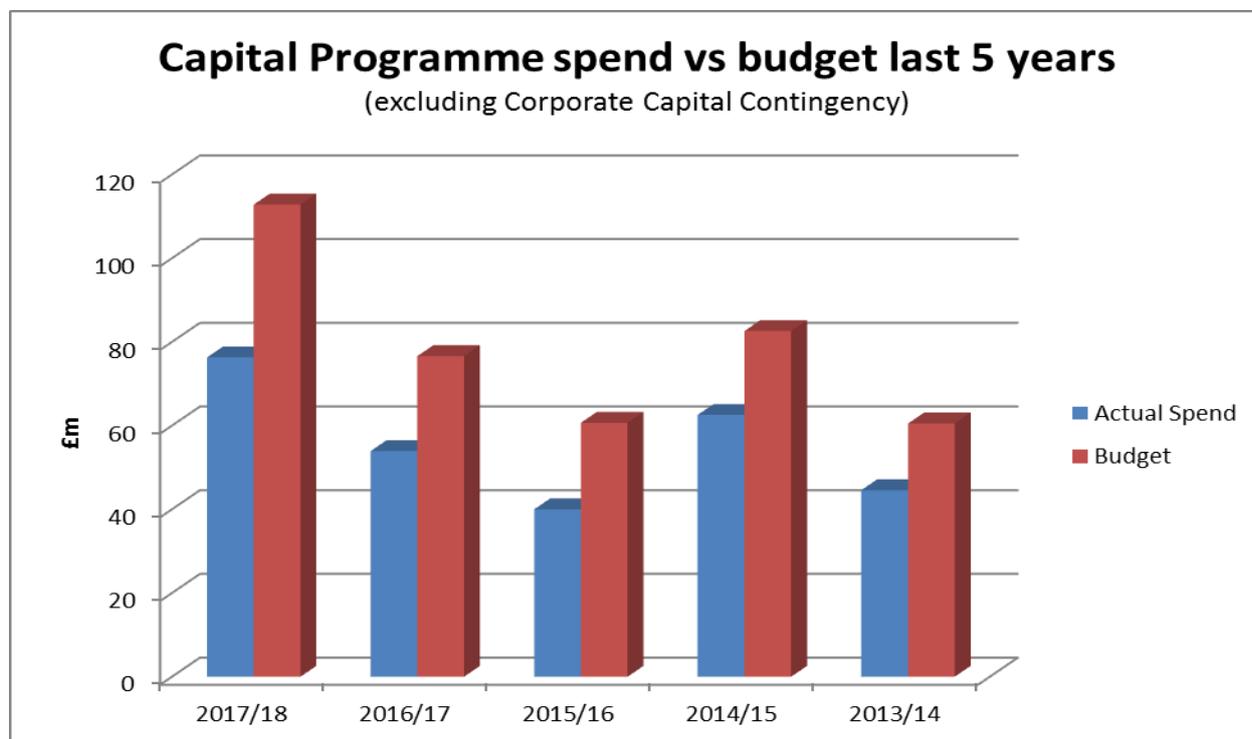
5.22 At an overall level the outturn position on the Collection Fund improved by £146k over the estimated position and this difference will be taken into consideration when estimated the closing 2018/19 Collection Fund position as part of the 2019/20 Budget process.

Capital Programme

5.23 The capital spend in 2017/18 was £76.297m (67%) against a budget of £114.700m giving a variance of £38.403m, primarily reflecting the delivery time to complete projects moving into future financial periods.

Portfolio Summary	2017/2018 Outturn Position			
	Capital Budget £'m	Outturn £'m	Variance £'m	Rephasing to 2018/19 Requested £'m
Development & Neighbourhoods	19.953	13.232	(6.721)	6.696
Economic & Community Regeneration	22.046	9.665	(12.381)	12.381
Transport & Environment	11.484	8.199	(3.285)	3.251
Children & Young People	9.528	5.080	(4.448)	4.642
Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing	0.848	0.837	(0.011)	0.011
Finance & Efficiency	49.677	38.915	(10.760)	10.759
Transformation & Customer Services	1.164	0.368	(0.796)	0.796
TOTAL	114.700	76.297	(38.403)	38.535

5.24 Of this variance, £38.535m is requested for carry forward to 2018/19 to cover re-phased costs of capital projects. The detailed outturn position and re-phasing of each individual project is attached at Appendix 3. The delivery of the capital spend compared to budget over the last five years is shown in the following graph:



5.25 The funding of the capital programme for 2017/18 is as follows:-

	£'m
Total Capital Spending:	76.297
Funded by:	
Capital Receipts	4.510
Capital Grants	17.059
3 rd Party Receipts (inc S106 & CIL)	2.641
Revenue	0.198
Prudential Borrowing (Implied Need)	51.889
Total	76.297

5.26 The 2017/18 Budget Report included an allocation from CIL of £200,000 towards the repayment of Revolving Infrastructure Funding (RIF) related to the flood mitigation works which are enabling the development of Bath Quays North. Following a review of CIL income received to fund 2017/18 schemes, a further amount of £160,000 was allocated to meet the 2017/18 flood mitigation RIF repayment instalment of £360,000.

5.27 The Council's provisional Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) as at 31st March 2018 is £247.1 million. This represents the Council's requirement to borrow to finance capital expenditure, and demonstrates that total borrowing of £192.5 million remains well below this requirement as at 31st March 2018. This illustrates the extent to which the Council is currently cash-flowing capital projects in line with the Treasury Management Strategy.

6. RATIONALE

6.1 The recommendations made are based upon the Budget Management Scheme and a consideration of the Council's latest financial position and reserves strategy.

7. OTHER OPTIONS CONSIDERED

7.1 The option to carry forward over budgeted spend could be considered which would mean that services would have to make up any deficits in 2018/19 with a considerable impact on service delivery especially in Adult and Children's Services.

7.2 A further option would be to not approve the service carry forward requests which would reduce the overall over budget position by £155k. However, this may lead to further budget pressures in 2018/19.

8. CONSULTATION

8.1 Consultation has been carried out with the Cabinet Member for Finance & Efficiency, Corporate Directors/Directors, Section 151 Finance Officer, Chief Executive and Monitoring Officer.

8.2 The provisional outturn position has been discussed at Senior Management Team and Directors' Group in May.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

9.1 A risk assessment related to the issue and recommendations has been undertaken, in compliance with the Council's decision making risk management guidance.

9.2 The substance of this report is part of the Council's risk management process. The key risks in the Council's budget were assessed by each Strategic Director, with these risks re-assessed on a monthly basis as part of the budget monitoring process.

Contact person	Donna Parham – 01225 477468; Gary Adams – 01225 477107; Andy Rothery – 01225 47103; Donna.Parham@bathnes.gov.uk ; Gary.Adams@bathnes.gov.uk ; Andy.Rothery@bathnes.gov.uk ;
Sponsoring Cabinet Member	<i>Councillor Charles Gerrish</i>
Background papers	<i>2017/18 Budget Monitoring reports to the Cabinet; Revenue and Capital Budget Setting reports, Budget Management Scheme</i>
Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format	

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APPENDIX 1 - Financial Monitoring Statement (Revenue): All Portfolios at Cashlimit level

REVENUE SPENDING For the Period APRIL 2017 to MARCH 2018	YEAR END ACTUAL			ADV/ FAV	Carry Forward Requests £'000	Notes on main areas of variance to budget
	Net Actual A £'000	Annual Current Budget B £'000	Over or (under) C £'000			
Leader						
Council Solicitor & Democratic Services	2,469	2,583	(114)	FAV		The favourable variance is due to better than budget performance in income and recharges.
Sub Total	2,469	2,583	(114)	FAV		
Finance & Efficiency						
Finance	2,815	2,680	135	ADV		The over budget position is primarily from the non achievement of savings but this has been partially offset by additional income and salary savings.
People Services	505	450	55	ADV		The adverse variance is due to the delayed implementation of the saving plan. This has now been completed with the restructure of Payroll and Workforce services in place for April 2018. This was partially offset by salary savings and additional income.
Risk & Assurance Services	905	930	(26)	FAV		Under budget is due to general reduction in other service costs including the centralisation of the stationery provision.
Information Technology	4,167	4,674	(506)	FAV		The favourable outturn is due to additional income generated from service provided to external organisations.
Human Resources	972	467	505	ADV		The over budget is due to the delayed implementation of the restructure of Payroll and Workforce services. This has been completed, the budget rebased, and in effect from April 2018.
Property Services	2,539	2,458	81	ADV		The over budget has arisen from lower than budgeted recoveries from Capital projects.
Corporate Estate Including R&M	2,034	2,257	(223)	FAV		The favourable variance is as a result of reduced running costs.
Property Rechargeable Works	22		22	ADV		This budget covers maintenance carried out for schools under the BMIS scheme and other council properties with devolved budgets. This small variance is due to some project works income being posted to other cash limits.
Commercial Estate	(15,893)	(15,663)	(230)	FAV		Favourable variance arising from one-off reduction in service supported borrowing costs from new acquisitions and increased rental income offsetting additional fees and costs.
Traded Services	348	170	178	ADV		This cashlimit covers Catering, Cleaning & Print Services. The over budget position arises mainly from delayed implementation of Print Transformation Service and some budget pressure within Catering and Cleaning services.
Strategic Director - Resources	194	(54)	248	ADV		The over budget position is due to unachieved management savings from previous years. This has been addressed in next years budget.
Corporate Items		(111)	111	ADV		Over budget due to budgeted cross-cutting savings target, there was always an expectation that this amount will be recovered at outturn from general procurement savings in other cashlimits.
Hsg / Council Tax Benefits Subsidy	(165)	(195)	30	ADV		The adverse variance is due to an increase in bad debt provision for aged debt.
Capital Financing / Interest	3,112	3,516	(404)	FAV		Capital Financing costs were under budget due to re-phasing of capital programme schemes delaying the need to borrow leading to lower than forecast spend on borrowing interest and MRP (Minimum Revenue Provision).
Unfunded Pensions	1,587	1,679	(92)	FAV		

REVENUE SPENDING For the Period APRIL 2017 to MARCH 2018	YEAR END ACTUAL			ADV/ FAV	Carry Forward Requests £'000	Notes on main areas of variance to budget
	Net Actual A £'000	Annual Current Budget B £'000	Over or (under) C £'000			
Corporate Budgets including Capital, Audit and Bank Charges	(7,827)	(7,292)	(535)	FAV		The under budget position is mainly due to additional income achieved from the Spa profit share agreement, a one-off banking contract rebate plus reduced banking costs for a year at start of new contract, and other once-off income.
Magistrates	12	17	(5)	FAV		
Coroners	285	305	(19)	FAV		
Environment Agency	226	226				
WECA Transport Levy	4,211	4,211				
Sub Total	49	725	(676)	FAV		
Transformation & Customer Services						
Libraries & Information	1,679	1,620	59	ADV		Favourable variance due to additional grant income received and underspends in Local Welfare Support.
Customer Services	2,657	2,817	(161)	FAV	35	However, there was an over budget position in libraries from reduced income, stock costs and funding shortfall.
Strategy & Performance	2,609	2,722	(113)	FAV		Under budget across a range of budget areas including pool cars, communications & marketing and equalities.
Sub Total	6,944	7,159	(215)	FAV	35	
Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing						
Adult Services	61,467	60,319	1,148	ADV		This position is after fully drawing down both the Social Care Reserve and the Care Act Reserve of £1.291 million. The over budget is due to Inflationary pressures arising from factors including implementation of the National Living Wage/Sleep-in Cover and a lack of resilience in the care home market leading to a shortfall in supply, and a "sellers market" continues to be a challenge, the latter having been exacerbated by at least one further care home closure and the full-year effect of closures in 2016/17. Adult Social Care spend also continues to be subject to pressures arising from demographic change with increasing levels of complexity and acuity of need impacting on the cost of individual packages of care/placements despite enhanced control measures.
Adult Substance Misuse (DAT)	535	535	-			
Public Health	(348)	(348)	-			
Sub Total	61,654	60,507	1,148	ADV		
Children's Services						
Children Young People & Families	15,308	13,225	2,083	ADV		The adverse variance arises from Children's Social Care Placement Costs with significant additional expenditure supporting individual children, in particular the support for residential placements, support for fostered children (including independent fostering), and parent and baby support along with direct payments for clients at risk of care. There were 81 "out of area" placements at the end of May 2018 for educational, health and social care needs.
Learning & Inclusion	4,342	4,509	(167)	FAV		The favourable outturn is due to additional grant income and general efficiencies.
Health, Commissioning & Planning	7,489	7,871	(381)	FAV		The favourable outturn is due over achievement in income targets and staffing underspends.
Schools Budget	2,424	2,424				School Budgets are funded by the Dedicated School Grant
Sub Total	29,563	28,029	1,534	ADV		

REVENUE SPENDING For the Period APRIL 2017 to MARCH 2018	YEAR END ACTUAL			ADV/ FAV	Carry Forward Requests £'000	Notes on main areas of variance to budget
	Net Actual A £'000	Annual Current Budget B £'000	Over or (under) C £'000			
Development & Neighbourhoods						
Development Management	1,861	1,773	88	ADV		The adverse variance is due to a shortfall in income arising from a drop in planning applications in the latter part of 2017.
Building Control & Land Charges	177	213	(36)	FAV		The favourable variance is due to income in latter part of year being greater than expected, together with one-off reduced maintenance spend.
Place - Overheads	479	528	(49)	FAV		The under budget is due to unutilised overheads allocation.
Public Protection & Health Improvement - Regulatory & Active Lifestyles	1,714	1,791	(77)	FAV		The under budget position is due to the reduced costs (stewarding, traffic management etc) of holding the "Tour Series" event and reduced fees.
Public Protection & Health Improvement - Leisure	534	534	-			
Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Service	14,438	14,450	(12)	FAV		
Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services	1,511	1,537	(25)	FAV		
Community Safety	42	69	(27)	FAV		The favourable variance is due to various projects being covered within existing staffing resources.
Sub Total	20,756	20,894	(138)	FAV		
Economic & Community Development						
Economy & Culture	1,405	1,004	401	ADV	120	The over budget is due to unachieved savings target.
World Heritage	148	156	(8)	FAV		
Heritage including Archives	(7,734)	(6,707)	(1,027)	FAV		The favourable variance is due to higher than expected income from the "Roman Baths."
Housing	1,038	1,039	(1)	FAV		
Project Delivery	52	52	(0)	FAV		
Regeneration, Skills & Employment	319	321	(1)	FAV		
Sub Total	(4,771)	(4,134)	(636)	FAV	120	
Transport & Environment						
Highways & Traffic Management	7,831	7,938	(107)	FAV		The under budget position is from reduced staffing and maintenance budgets.
Transport & Parking Services - Parking	(8,094)	(7,541)	(553)	FAV		The favourable variance is mainly from increased income from on-street and off street parking, reduced debt charges and staffing budgets.
Transport & Parking Services - Public & Passenger Transport	373	(484)	857	ADV		The over budget position arises mainly from concessionary fares (£220k once-off and £200k savings not achieved), park & ride costs (£120k once-off) and bus shelter maintenance/cleaning costs £88k and delayed savings in transport costs £138k.
Sub Total	111	(87)	197	ADV		
TOTAL (Excluding Mitigations)	116,775	115,675	1,100	ADV	155	
Add: Carry Forward Requests	155		155			
Revised Outturn Position (excl Mitigations)	116,930	115,675	1,255			
Less: Corporately Held Mitigations		1,255	(1,255)			
OVERALL TOTAL (incl Mitigations & Carry Forwards)	116,930	116,930	-			

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2017/18 Revenue Virements for Approval

Appendix 2 (i)

<u>REF NO</u>	<u>REASON / EXPLANATION</u>	<u>CABINET MEMBER</u>	<u>TRANSFER FROM</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>CABINET MEMBER</u>	<u>TRANSFER TO</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>ONGOING EFFECTS</u>
			<u>CASHLIM</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>		<u>CASHLIM</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>		
The following virements are reported for approval under the Budget Management Scheme rules.											
OVERALL TOTALS				0	0			0	0		
					0				0		

2017/18 Revenue Virements for Information

<u>REF NO</u>	<u>REASON / EXPLANATION</u>	<u>CABINET MEMBER</u>	<u>TRANSFER FROM</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>CABINET MEMBER</u>	<u>TRANSFER TO</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>ONGOING EFFECTS</u>
			<u>CASHLIM</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>		<u>CASHLIM</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>		

The following virements have either been previously approved, are technical in nature or are below limits within BMS that require approval, and therefore are reported for information only.

INFO 17#34	Company Financial Assessments	Finance & Efficiency	Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges		20,000	Finance & Efficiency	Risk & Assurance Services		20,000	Transfer of Company Financial Assessment budget to Risk and Assurance Services following the move of responsibility.	Budget virement is on going.
INFO 17#35	Car Parking Historic Income	Transport & Environment	Transport & Parking Services - Parking	646,044		Finance & Efficiency	Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges		646,044	One-off Budget adjustment to reflect historic parking income transferred from suspense accounts.	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#36	2017/18 Business Rate Tariff Adjustment	Finance & Efficiency	Business Rates Reserve		59,767	Finance & Efficiency	Retained Business Rates – Tariff Payment	59,767		Technical Adjustment to 2017/18 Business Rate Tariff Payment to reflect impact of Business Rate Revaluation as notified by Government	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#37	IT Photocopier Centralisation	Finance & Efficiency	Information Technology		1,500	Children & Young People	Children, Young People & Families		1,500	Children's Centre decided not to proceed with photocopier maintained centrally by IT Services.	Budget virement is on-going.

2017/18 Revenue Virements for Information

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	CABINET MEMBER	TRANSFER FROM		CABINET MEMBER	TRANSFER TO		DESCRIPTION	ONGOING EFFECTS		
			CASHLIM	Income (£'s)		Expenditure (£'s)	CASHLIM			Income (£'s)	Expenditure (£'s)
INFO 17#38	Service Supported Borrowing Recharges	Finance & Efficiency	Finance		29,315	Finance & Efficiency	Capital Financing / Interest	164,479	Centralisation of relevant Service Supported Borrowing recharge budgets.	Budget virement is on- going.	
			Corporate Estate Including R&M		34,032						
		Transformation & Customer Services	Customer Services		32,637						
		Transport & Environment	Highways & Traffic Management		65,231						
		Development & Neighbourhoods	Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services		3,264						
Page 09 INFO 17#39	Severance Reserve Drawdown	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Severance Reserve)		584,128	Leader	Council Solicitor & Democratic Services		105,974	Drawdown from Severance & Restructuring Reserve to fund 2017/18 associated expenditure.	Budget virement is one- off.
						Children & Young People	Health, Commissioning & Planning		232,848		
						Finance & Efficiency	Finance		36,777		
		Transformation & Customer Services	Strategy & Performance		9,767	Transport & Environment	Highways & Traffic Management		218,296		
INFO 17#40	Financial Planning Reserve Drawdowns	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Financial Planning Reserve)		71,221	Economic & Community Regeneration	Regeneration, Skills & Employment		58,721	Drawdown from Financial Planning Reserve	Budget virement is one- off.
							Economy & Culture		12,500		

2017/18 Revenue Virements for Information

<u>REF NO</u>	<u>REASON / EXPLANATION</u>	<u>CABINET MEMBER</u>	<u>TRANSFER FROM</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>CABINET MEMBER</u>	<u>TRANSFER TO</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>ONGOING EFFECTS</u>
			<u>CASHLIM</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>		<u>CASHLIM</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>	<u>(£'s)</u>		
INFO 17#41	Revenue Budget Contingency Reserve Drawdowns	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Revenue Budget Contingency)		100,151	Economic & Community Regeneration	Regeneration, Skills & Employment		7,670	Drawdowns from Revenue Budget Contingency Reserve.	Budget virement is one- off.
						Development & Neighbourhoods	Development Management		9,755		
						Children & Young People	Learning & Inclusion		8,000		
						Finance & Efficiency	Finance		73,183		
						Transformation & Customer Services	Customer Services		1,543		

2017/18 Revenue Virements for Information

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	CABINET MEMBER	TRANSFER FROM	Income	Expenditure	CABINET MEMBER	TRANSFER TO	Income	Expenditure	DESCRIPTION	ONGOING EFFECTS	
												CASHLIM
INFO 17#42	Transformation Investment Reserve Drawdowns	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Transformation Investment Reserve)		841,652	Economic & Community Regeneration	Regeneration, Skills & Employment		21,351	Drawdown from Transformation Investment Reserve.	Budget virement is one- off.	
							Development & Neighbourhoods	Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services				163,000
								Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services				37,000
							Transport & Environment	Transport & Parking Services - Public & Passenger Transport				117,427
							Children & Young People	Children, Young People & Families				2,370
							Adult Services	Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing				19,723
							Finance & Efficiency	Risk & Assurance Services				23,000
								Finance				32,254
								Human Resources				60,000
Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges		103,530										
Transformation & Customer Services	Strategy & Performance		261,997									
INFO 17#43	Leisure transfer to Invest to Save Reserve	Development & Neighbourhoods	Public Protection & Health Improvement - Leisure		148,882	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Invest to Save Reserve)		148,882	Transfer to Invest to Save earmarked reserve.	Budget virement is one- off.	
INFO 17#44	East of Bath P&R Revenue Reversion	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		440,831	Transport & Environment	Highways & Traffic Management		440,831	Drawdown of funding from Capital Financing Reserve	Budget virement is one- off.	

2017/18 Revenue Virements for Information

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	CABINET MEMBER	TRANSFER FROM	Income	Expenditure	CABINET MEMBER	TRANSFER TO	Income	Expenditure	DESCRIPTION	ONGOING EFFECTS
			CASHLIM	(£'s)	(£'s)	CASHLIM	(£'s)	(£'s)			
INFO 17#45	Social Care Reserve	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		138,188	Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing	Adult Services		138,188	Drawdown of funding from service earmarked reserve.	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#46	Care Act Reserve	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		1,211,077	Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing	Adult Services		1,211,077	Drawdown of funding from service earmarked reserve.	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#47	Public Health Reserve	Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing	Public Health		347,522	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		347,522	Transfer to service earmarked reserve.	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#48	VAT Reserve Drawdown	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		25,067	Finance & Efficiency	Finance		25,067	Drawdown of funding from service earmarked reserve.	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#49	Audit Partnership Reserve	Finance & Efficiency	Risk & Assurance Services		191,000	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		191,000	Transfer to service earmarked reserve.	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#50	Combe Down Stone Mine Grant Reserve Drawdown	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		52,488	Economic & Community Regeneration	Project Delivery		52,488	Drawdown from Combe Down Stone Mines unapplied revenue grant reserve.	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#51	RIF Interest Reserve Transfer	Finance & Efficiency	Capital Financing / Interest		175,500	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		175,500	Transfer of RIF interest received to earmarked reserve.	Budget virement is one-off.
INFO 17#52	Capital Financing	Finance & Efficiency	Capital Financing / Interest		603,000	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Earmarked Reserve)		603,000	Transfer to Capital Financing Reserve	Budget virement is one-off.

2017/18 Revenue Virements for Information

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	CABINET MEMBER	TRANSFER FROM		CABINET MEMBER	TRANSFER TO		DESCRIPTION	ONGOING EFFECTS	
			CASHLIM	Income (£'s)		Expenditure (£'s)	CASHLIM			Income (£'s)
INFO 17#53	DSG & Schools Reserves Transfers	Finance & Efficiency	Balances & Reserves		908,651	Children & Young People	Schools Budgets	908,651	Net transfer from reserves to reflect use of DSG reserves, plus transfers from school balances.	Budget virement is one- off.
INFO 17#54	DSG Re-Profiling	Children & Young People	Learning & Inclusion		11,427,131	Children & Young People	Health, Commissioning & Planning	115,423,763	Re-Profiling of cash limits within Education to reflect the actual services' DSG spend in 2017/18.	Budget virement is one- off.
			Schools' Budgets		103,996,632					
INFO 17#55	Transformatoin Investment Reserve Transfer	Finance & Efficiency	Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges		900,000	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Transformation Reserve)	900,000	Transfer of corporate mitigations unused in outturn to Transformation Investment reserve.	Budget virement is one- off.
INFO 17#56	Restructuring & Severance Reserve Transfer	Finance & Efficiency	Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges		311,370	Finance & Efficiency	Balances (Restructuring Reserve)	311,370	Transfer of corporate mitigations unused in outturn to Severance & Restructuring reserve.	Budget virement is one- off.
OVERALL TOTALS				646,044	122,730,004			59,767	123,316,281	123,376,048

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Portfolio Cash Limits 2017/18 - Revenue Budgets
Appendix 2(ii)

Cabinet Portfolio	Service	Feb'18 Revised Cash Limits £'000	Technical Adjustments, below BMS limits or already agreed - shown for information £'000	Total Virements for Approval £'000	Outturn Cash Limits £'000
Leader	Council Solicitor & Democratic Services	2,477	106		2,583
	PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL	2,477	106		2,583
Finance & Efficiency	Finance	2,542	138		2,680
	People Services	450			450
	Risk & Assurance Services	1,078	(148)		930
	Information Technology	4,675	(2)		4,674
	Human Resources	407	60		467
	Property Services	2,458			2,458
	Corporate Estate Including R&M	2,291	(34)		2,257
	Commercial Estate	(15,663)			(15,663)
	Traded Services	170			170
	Strategic Director - Resources	(54)			(54)
	Corporate items (Savings)	(111)			(111)
	Hsg / Council Tax Benefits Subsidy	(195)			(195)
	Capital Financing / Interest	4,130	(614)		3,516
	Unfunded Pensions	1,679			1,679
	Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges	(231)	(482)		(713)
	New Homes Bonus Grant	(5,325)			(5,325)
	Magistrates	17			17
	Coroners	305			305
Environment Agency	226			226	
West of England Combined Authority Levy	4,211			4,211	
	PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL	3,061	(1,081)		1,980
Transformation & Customer Services	Libraries & Information	1,620			1,620
	Customer Services	2,848	(31)		2,817
	Strategy & Performance	2,470	252		2,721,891
	PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL	6,938	221		7,159
Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing	Adult Services	58,950	1,369		60,319
	Public Health		(348)		(348)
	Adult Substance Misuse (Drug Action Team)	535			535
	PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL	59,485	1,021		60,507
Children & Young People	Children, Young People & Families	13,221	4		13,225
	Learning & Inclusion	15,928	(11,419)		4,509
	Health, Commissioning & Planning	(107,786)	115,657		7,871
	Schools Budget	105,512	(103,088)		2,424
	PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL	26,875	1,153		28,029
Development & Neighbourhoods	Development Management	1,763	10		1,773
	Building Control & Land Charges	213			213
	Place Overheads	528			528
	Public Protection & Health Improvement - Regulatory & Active Lifestyles	1,791			1,791
	Public Protection & Health Improvement - Leisure	683	(149)		534
	Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services	14,287	163		14,450
	Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services	1,503	34		1,537
	Community Safety	69			69
	PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL	20,836	58		20,894
Economic & Community Regeneration	Economy & Culture	991	13		1,004
	World Heritage	156			156
	Heritage	(6,707)			(6,707)
	Housing	1,039			1,039
	Project Delivery		52		52
	Regeneration, Skills & Employment	233	88		321
	PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL	(4,287)	153		(4,134)

Portfolio Cash Limits 2017/18 - Revenue Budgets

Appendix 2(ii)

Cabinet Portfolio	Service	Feb'18 Revised Cash Limits £'000	Technical Adjustments, below BMS limits or already agreed - shown for information £'000	Total Virements for Approval £'000	Outturn Cash Limits £'000
Transport & Environment	Highways & Traffic Management	7,344	594		7,938
	Transport & Parking Services - Parking	(6,895)	(646)		(7,541)
	Transport & Parking Services - Public & Passenger Transport	(601)	117		(484)
	PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL	(152)	65		(87)
	NET BUDGET	115,234	1,696		116,930

Sources of Funding

Council Tax	82,192			82,192
Retained Business Rates	31,279	(60)		31,219
Collection Fund Deficit (-) or Surplus (+)	(1,379)			(1,379)
Balances	3,142	1,756		4,898
Total	115,234	1,696		116,930

Project Title	2017/18 Budget	Variance	Total Requested Rephase	Commentary
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Development & Neighbourhoods				
Waste Re-provision feasibility work	54	16	16	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Waste Project - relocation of cleansing	789	157	157	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Waste Project	10,868	3,891	3,891	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Waste Vehicles	98	0	0	No rephasing required
Litter Bin Replacement Programme	25	0	0	No rephasing required, programme finalised in 17/18
Neighbourhoods - Bin and Bench Replacement	62	21	21	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Neighbourhood Services Vehicle Replacement Programme	117	0	0	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Vehicle Replacement: Neighbourhoods	140	96	96	Rephase rolling programme, delivery continuing to 18/19
Cleansing Vehicles	265	(16)	(16)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Allotments	10	18	0	No rephasing required, programme finalised in 17/18
Beechen Cliff Woodland & Other Open Spaces Improvements	73	25	25	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Sydney Gardens	246	350	350	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Sydney Gardens: a 21st Century Pleasure Gardens	270	0	0	No rephasing required
Parade Gardens Infrastructure for Business Development	10	8	8	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Parks s106 Capital projects: Bloomfield Green Open	199	197	197	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Ponds in Royal Victoria Park	24	5	5	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Parks Service Schemes	142	71	71	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Parks Action Response Work	100	(30)	(30)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Parks Play Equipment	278	0	0	No rephasing required
Play Equipment	42	138	130	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Parks Equipment	41	0	0	No rephasing required
Alice Park Skate Park	127	126	126	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Environmental Protection Vehicles	14	26	26	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bath Leisure Centre Refurbishment	4,005	1,134	1,134	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Leisure - Council Client / Contingency	644	748	748	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bath Recreation Ground Trust	510	(269)	(269)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Keynsham Leisure Centre - Land Assembly	0	(23)	(23)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Keynsham Sports Centre Modernisation	600	(22)	(22)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bath Leisure Centre Car Park	200	54	54	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Subtotal- Development & Neighbourhoods	19,953	6,721	6,696	
Economic & Community Regeneration				
Roman Baths Development: East Baths Development	(29)	0	0	No rephasing required, programme finalised in 17/18
Heritage Infrastructure Development	92	87	87	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Roman Baths Archway Centre	264	124	124	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Victoria Art Gallery Air Conditioning	0	(3)	(3)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Disabled Facilities Grant	1,266	59	59	Rephase rolling programme, delivery continuing to 18/19
Affordable Housing	1,915	786	786	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
BWR - Council Project Team	139	40	40	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19

Project Title	2017/18 Budget	Variance	Total Requested Rephase	Commentary
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
BWR - Affordable Housing	212	(1)	(1)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
BWR - Infrastructure	866	(0)	0	No rephasing required
BWR - Relocation of Gas Holders	2,048	2,056	2,056	Multi year programme, works completed, with grant finalisation due 18/19
Public Realm-Northumberland Place	10	10	10	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Public Realm-Pattern Book	58	41	41	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Public Realm-Team Costs	5	0	0	No rephasing required, programme finalised in 17/18
Public Realm-City Information Scheme	54	20	20	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
NRR Infrastructure	116	122	122	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
London Road Regeneration	(49)	(49)	(49)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when budget finalisation due
Innovation Quay - Strategic Flooding Solution	1,347	(0)	0	No rephasing required
River Corridor & RoSPA safety works	70	34	34	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Cattlemarket/Cornmarket	22	22	22	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Digital B&NES	23	(85)	(85)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Somer Valley Business Centres	29	2	2	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Bath Quays South	7,992	6,553	6,553	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bath Quays North	2,035	516	516	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bath Quays Bridge & Linking Infrastructure	1,965	1,842	1,842	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Radstock and Westfield Implementation Plan	43	0	0	No rephasing required
Saw Close Development Works	1,227	54	54	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
South Road Car Park	26	0	0	No rephasing required
BTP Loan Facility	300	150	150	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Subtotal Economic & Community Regeneration	22,046	12,381	12,381	
Transport & Environment				
Highways Maintenance Programme	3,997	189	189	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Highways Maintenance - National Productivity Investment Fund (NPIF)	788	0	0	No rephasing required, captured within Highways Maintenance Block
Transport Improvement Programme	2,824	767	767	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Bus Lane Camera Replacement	300	67	67	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
LSTF: Riverside Path & Employers Grant, Bath	0	34	34	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Cycle City Ambition / 7 Dials	33	3	3	Multi year programme, works completed, with grant finalisation due 18/19
Kennet & Avon Tow Path & Cycle Parking	30	9	9	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Street Lighting - LED Replacement Programme	748	565	565	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Victoria Bridge	28	28	28	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Batheaston Bridge	4	(7)	(7)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Park and Ride East of Bath Project Development	60	35	0	No rephasing required, programme closed in 17/18
Keynsham Town Centre	208	13	13	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bath Cycle Action Plan - Bath Quays Scheme	42	15	15	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Speed Enforcement Cameras	119	0	0	No rephasing required
Dorchester Street, Traffic Review	72	68	68	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Somerdale Bridge, Keynsham – Initial Options Study	64	5	5	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
London Road Modification	200	172	172	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19

Project Title	2017/18 Budget	Variance	Total Requested Rephase	Commentary
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Kingsmead Square Improvements	2	(1)	(1)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
York Street Infrastructure works	589	510	510	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bath Transport Package - Main Scheme	24	(158)	(158)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Better Bus Fund	34	29	29	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Parking - Vehicle Replacement Programme	15	15	15	Rephase rolling programme, delivery continuing to 18/19
Pay & Display Machines - New Coin Acceptance	0	39	39	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Parking - Radio System Replacement	28	28	28	Rephase rolling programme, delivery continuing to 18/19
Parking - Enforcement Hand Held Computer Replacement	50	50	50	Rephase rolling programme, delivery continuing to 18/19
Body Worn Video Cameras for Civil Enforcement Officers	25	25	25	Rephase rolling programme, delivery continuing to 18/19
Passenger Transport Vehicles	460	85	85	Rephase rolling programme, delivery continuing to 18/19
Electric Cycle Hire	0	(14)	(14)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Business Charge Points	0	(11)	(11)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
A37 to A362 Improvements to Somer Valley Enterprise Zone Access	280	268	268	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Hicks Gate Roundabout Improvement	460	459	459	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Subtotal Transport & Environment	11,484	3,285	3,251	
Children & Young People				
Schools Capital Maintenance Programme	797	756	756	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Children's Services Capital Managed by Property Services	879	517	517	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Schools Minor Works and DDA Schemes	603	787	787	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
St Mary's Writhlington Replace Classroom Block	(6)	0	0	No rephasing required
Weston All Saints Primary School - Basic Need	117	66	66	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Castle Primary School - Basic Need	8	0	0	No rephasing required
St Saviour's Junior School - Basic Need	7	(0)	0	No rephasing required
Oldfield Park Junior School - Basic Need	96	46	46	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Westfield Primary School - Basic Need	113	113	113	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Paulton Junior School - Basic Need	496	115	115	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bishop Sutton Primary School - Basic Need	204	152	152	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
St John's School Keynsham classroom refurbishment	3	(0)	0	No rephasing required
Basic Needs Feasibility / Option Appraisal	296	219	219	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Children's Centre Capital Schemes	6	6	6	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
MOD Foxhill Mulberry Park - New School Feasibility Study	4	4	4	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Bathwick St Mary New School Expansion	9	9	9	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Broadlands AP	50	6	6	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Schools Devolved Capital	410	116	111	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Schools LA Contribution to Capital	138	(5)	0	No rephasing required, part of devolved capital line above
Ensleigh - New Primary School	830	(57)	(57)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Salford Primary - Basic Need	1,079	144	144	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Peasedown St John Primary	30	24	24	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Chandag Infants UIFSM	85	0	0	No rephasing required
St Marys Writhlington BN Feasibility Study	557	95	95	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19

Project Title	2017/18 Budget	Variance	Total Requested Rephase	Commentary
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Bathampton School Basic Needs	15	10	10	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Keynsham East New School Feasibility Study - Cost	5	5	5	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
St Keyna Basic Need Feasibility Study	19	(4)	(4)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Somerdale New School Feasibility Costs	4	4	4	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
St Gregs, St Marks 6th Form	0	(1)	(1)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Riverside Youth Hub Development	36	7	7	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Farnborough Primary - Basic Need	96	94	94	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Ubley Primary Basic Needs	130	(106)	87	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
St Saviour's Junior - Bulge Year Feasibility Study	177	124	124	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
St Michaels Junior School Replace temporary building	1	(6)	(6)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Westfield Primary - DDA Works	15	15	15	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Swainswick Primary School	58	(3)	(3)	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Freshford Primary Enhancements	32	0	0	No rephasing required
Children's Education Management System	473	337	337	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Whitchurch Primary expansion	63	34	34	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Castle Primary expansion (Phase 4)	913	268	268	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
St Nicholas Primary - Feasibility Study Expansion	35	58	58	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
St Nicholas temporary classroom	50	0	0	No rephasing required
St Nicholas' Primary expansion	95	0	0	No rephasing required
Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision	500	500	500	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Subtotal Children & Young People	9,528	4,449	4,642	
Adult Care, Health and Wellbeing				
Adult Social Care Database replacement	98	11	11	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Drugs and Alcohol Recovery House Public Health Grant	750	-	-	No rephasing required
Subtotal Adult Care, Health and Wellbeing	848	11	11	
Finance & Efficiency				
Workplaces Programme Delivery	647	376	376	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Keynsham Regeneration & New Build	789	82	82	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Radstock Road Depot	93	91	91	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Lewis House (Inc Comms Hub & OSS)	31	0	0	No rephasing required
The Hollies	12	1	0	No rephasing required, programme finalised in 17/18
Corporate Estate Planned Maintenance	2,368	1,586	1,586	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Disposals Programme (Minor)	445	28	28	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Commercial Estate Investment Fund 16/17	335	316	316	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Commercial Estate Investment 17/18	28,285	127	127	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Grand Parade & Undercroft	156	138	138	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Equality Act Works	461	274	274	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Roseberry Place	15	0	0	No rephasing required
1 - 3 James Street West	115	0	0	No rephasing required
7 - 9 Lower Borough Walls	23	0	0	No rephasing required

Project Title	2017/18 Budget	Variance	Total Requested Rephase	Commentary
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Saw Close Development	47	0	0	No rephasing required, programme finalised in 17/18
Bathampton Farmhouse	40	40	40	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Acquisitions - Future Revenue Generation	194	194	194	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Housing Delivery Vehicle	1,319	76	76	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Property Company Investment	7,500	4,533	4,535	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Cleveland Pools Trust	75	7	7	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
City Centre Protection Measures	200	194	194	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Capital Contingency	1,894	1,894	1,894	
Flexible Use of Capital Receipts	3,124	0	0	No rephasing required
Desktop As a Service - VDI Technology	1	0	0	No rephasing required, programme finalised in 17/18
Customer Services System	195	2	0	No rephasing required, programme finalised in 17/18
IT Asset Refresh (Servers and Network)	109	24	24	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Agresso System Development & 5.6 Upgrade	33	28	28	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Department of Health Grant: Assistive Technology	47	0	0	No rephasing required
Community Resource Centre Capital investment	490	323	323	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Keynsham Microwave Link Replacement	89	89	89	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Digital Programme	500	324	324	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19
Income systems upgrade & associated works	45	15	15	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Subtotal Finance & Efficiency	49,677	10,760	10,759	
Transformation & Customer Services				
Modern Libraries & Workplaces	955	681	681	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
LAA Performance Reward Grant	162	87	87	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Energy at Home	4	2	2	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Warmth & Health Homes Programme	43	27	27	Multi year programme, rephasing realignment to 18/19 when due to complete
Subtotal Transformation & Customer Services	1,164	796	796	
Grand Total	114,700	38,403	38,535	

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Capital Virements - Additions & Reductions 2017/2018

Appendix 4 (i)

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM	Income (£'s)	Expenditure (£'s)	TRANSFER TO	Income (£'s)	Expenditure (£'s)	Notes
CAP17#62	Castle Primary - Phase 4 New Build	Grant	-294,527		Children & Young People		-294,527	Lower tender for construction costs than expected, re-align grant
CAP17#63	Modern Libraries & workplaces	Service Supported Borrowing	605,000		Transformation & Customer Services		605,000	E2999 & E3000 Full approval of Provisional Budget
CAP17#64	Allotments	Section 106	-58,956		Development & Neighbourhoods		-58,956	Realignment of budget to S106 funding
CAP17#65	Digital Programme	Capital receipts	500,000		Finance & Efficiency		500,000	E2995 Full approval of Provisional Budget
CAP17#66	Kensington Meadows S106	Section 106	4,800		Development & Neighbourhoods		4,800	Realignment of Budget
CAP17#67	Mulberry Park - S106	Section 106	35,000		Transport & Environment		35,000	Feasibility and design of pedestrian crossings and cycle lane S106
CAP17#68	Combe Down - S106	Section 106	16,848		Children & Young People		16,848	Purchase of Playpod
CAP17#69	Affordable Housing - Returning Empty Properties to Use	Various	350,009		Finance & Efficiency		336,201	Budget adjustment in respect of refurbishment costs funded by increased capital receipt.
					Economic & Community Regeneration		13,808	
CAP17#70	Lower Oldfield Park Hayesfield School,	3rd Party contribution	4,500		Transport & Environment		4,500	Zebra Crossing/Pedestrian Improvements
CAP17#71	Kingswood School	3rd Party contribution	5,000		Transport & Environment		5,000	School Crossing Feasibility
CAP17#72	Westfield Primary School replacement of timber windows and doors.	Grant	-5,669		Children & Young People		-5,669	Return remaining budget post project completion / closure
CAP17#73	Peasedown St Johns Primary School Works	Grant	-5,953		Children & Young People		-5,953	Fire door replacement and additional signage
CAP17#74	Chandag Infant School	Grant	6,504		Children & Young People		6,504	Fire risk assessment and works to emergency lighting
CAP17#75	Highways Maintenance	Grant	189,478		Transport & Environment		189,478	Large Planned Patching Programme
CAP17#76	Bath Quays Bridge	Various	970,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		970,000	Additional Local Growth Fund (LGF) Grant
CAP17#77	Twerton Infant School	Grant	4,000		Children & Young People		4,000	Replacement of Temporary Building at the school.
CAP17#78	Ponds in Royal Victoria Park	Section 106	24,336		Development & Neighbourhoods		24,336	Improvements to stop leaks and aerate the water to prevent algal growth.
CAP17#79	Parking Services - Radios	Service Supported Borrowing	28,000		Transport & Environment		28,000	Essential replacement of radio equipment
CAP17#80	Parking Services - Handheld Computer Terminals	Service Supported Borrowing	50,000		Transport & Environment		50,000	Replacement of end of life hand held computers to enable the continued issue of Penalty Charge Notices.
CAP17#81	Schools Minor Works & DDA	Grant	-10,000		Children & Young People		-10,000	Return remaining budget post project completion / closure

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM	Income (£'s)	Expenditure (£'s)	TRANSFER TO	Income (£'s)	Expenditure (£'s)	Notes
CAP17#82	SEND Capital Programme	Service Supported Borrowing	500,000		Children & Young People		500,000	Full approval of capital Budget (SMD Report E3022 - Jan 2018). To expand existing provision within the area of placements for children with Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND).
CAP17#83	Bath Quays South Office	Various	6,245,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		6,245,000	Full Business Case approval for EDF funding
CAP17#84	A37 to A362 Improvement	Grant	280,000		Transport & Environment		280,000	Full Approval per December Cabinet Report E3017 Grant from WECA linked to Improving the access to Somer Valley Enterprise Zone to reduce delays in Highway Network
CAP17#85	Hicks Gate Roundabout Improvement	Grant	460,000		Transport & Environment		460,000	Full Approval per December Cabinet Report E3017 Grant from WECA linked to reducing delays to vehicles using the Highway Network.
CAP17#86	Parking Services - Body Worn Video Cameras	Service Supported Borrowing	25,000		Transport & Environment		25,000	Essential replacement of body worn video cameras to ensure H&S of Parking CEOs
CAP17#87	Bath Quays South	Various	8,356,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		8,356,000	Realignment of Budgets
CAP17#88	Bath Quays North	Various	3,205,001		Economic & Community Regeneration		3,205,001	Realignment of Budgets
CAP17#89	Bath Quays Bridge	Various	1,189,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		1,189,000	Realignment of Budgets
CAP17#90	Bath Quays North - Odd Down Coach Park	Various	-9,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		-9,000	Realignment of Budgets
CAP17#91	BEA - Flood Mitigation	Grant	1,000,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		1,000,000	Increase in agreed Regional Infrastructure Funding (RIF)
CAP17#92	Keynsham Microwave Link Replacement	Section 106	88,638		Finance & Efficiency		88,638	Funding for replacement for CCTV Operations
CAP17#93	Longvernal Primary	Grant	24,000		Children & Young People		24,000	To carry out phase 2 remodelling
CAP17#94	East of Bath Skate Park	3rd Party contribution	30,000		Development & Neighbourhoods		30,000	Confirmation of £30K of private donations
CAP17#95	City Centre Protection Measures	Corporate Supported Borrowing	200,000		Finance & Efficiency		200,000	Release of provisionally approved capital to support the planned public realm works
CAP17#96	Speed Choice Projects	Revenue	-9,574		Transport & Environment		-9,574	Return remaining budget post project completion / closure
CAP17#97	Disabled Facilities Grant	Grant	110,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		110,000	Increased in budget to reflect additional award of grant
CAP17#98	South Road Car Park Disposal	Capital receipts	25,730		Economic & Community Regeneration		25,730	Rephase 2018/2019 budget to align to 2017/2018 scheme expenditure

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM	Income	Expenditure	TRANSFER TO	Income	Expenditure	Notes
			(£'s)	(£'s)		(£'s)	(£'s)	
CAP17#99	BEA - Flood Mitigation	Grant	1,130,980		Economic & Community Regeneration		1,130,980	Rephase 2018/2019 budget to align to 2017/2018 scheme expenditure
CAP17#100	Heritage Infrastructure Projects	Service Supported Borrowing	7,766		Economic & Community Regeneration		7,766	Realign Heritage schemes at 2017/2018 year end
CAP17#101	BTP - Main Scheme	various	-776,000		Transport & Environment		-776,000	Realign Budget for Saw Close Works
CAP17#102	Grand Parade and Undercroft	Capital receipts	-4,649,000		Finance & Efficiency		-4,649,000	Revision to Budget following Capital Programme Review as reported in Budget Report in February 2018
CAP17#103	Park & Ride Bath East	Corporate Supported Borrowing	-415,000		Transport & Environment		-415,000	Scheme reduction of approved budget following Capital Programme Review as reported in Budget Report in February 2018.
CAP17#104	One Way Trial, Keynsham High Street	S106	61,000		Transport & Environment		61,000	Uplift in budget to fund permanent aspects of the scheme funded by S106
CAP17#105	Radstock & Westfield Implementation Plan	Corporate Supported Borrowing	16,808		Economic & Community Regeneration		16,808	Rephase 2018/2019 budget to align to 2017/2018 scheme expenditure
CAP17#106	BWR Infrastructure Contribution	3rd Party contribution	270,772		Economic & Community Regeneration		270,772	Rephase 2018/2019 budget to align to 2017/2018 scheme expenditure
CAP17#107	Waste Operations - Relocation	Capital Receipts	-250,000		Development & Neighbourhoods		-250,000	Realign budget to capital receipt forecast
CAP17#108	Transformation - Flexible Use of Capital Receipts	Capital receipts	3,124,122		Finance & Efficiency		3,124,122	Rephasing of Budgets to align to actual Use of Capital Receipt to fund Transformation Costs
CAP17#109	Cleveland Pools Grant	Corporate Supported Borrowing	75,000		Finance & Efficiency		75,000	E2892 Full approval of Provisional Budget as agreed at February 2018 Cabinet Meeting
CAP17#110	School Energy Improvements	SSB (DSG Funded)	-213,444		Children & Young People		-213,444	Removal of approved budget following Capital Programme Review identified no schemes identified by schools as reported in Budget Report in February 2018.
CAP17#111	Broadland school cycle link	Grant	-41,840		Transport & Environment		-41,840	Project no longer going ahead and grant funding removed.
			22,479,328	0		0	22,479,328	

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM	Income (£'s)	Expenditure (£'s)	TRANSFER TO	Income (£'s)	Expenditure (£'s)	Notes
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Capital Virements - Additions & Reductions Future Years

Appendix 4 (i)

REF NO	REASON / EXPLANATION	TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM	Income	Expenditure	TRANSFER TO	Income	Expenditure	Notes
CAP17#007-FY	2017/18 Rephasing Requests	Various	26,734,727		Various		26,734,727	Rephasing of capital schemes to 2018/19 and future years as reported in February 2018 Budget Report
CAP17#008-FY	Bath Quays South	Various	17,533,740		Economic & Community Regeneration		17,533,740	Realignment of Budgets following review
CAP17#009-FY	Bath Quays Bridge	Various	3,270,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		3,270,000	Realignment of Budgets following review
CAP17#010-FY	Bath Quays North	Various	4,524,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		4,524,000	Realignment of Budgets following review
CAP17#011-FY	Somer Valley Business Centre	Corporate Supported Borrowing	20,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		20,000	Somer Valley Business Centres (was: Midsomer Norton Business Centre)
CAP17#012-FY	Twerton Infant School	Grant	321,000		Children & Young People		321,000	Replacement of Temporary Building at the school.
CAP17#013-FY	Longvernal Primary	Grant	648,000		Children & Young People		648,000	Project now agreed to carry out phase 2 remodelling of Longvernal Primary School.
CAP17#014-FY	Affordable Housing	3rd Party contribution	200,000		Economic & Community Regeneration		200,000	St Chad's Midsomer Norton Joint, Affordable Housing / Shared Ownership scheme with Curo Places for drawdown in 2019/20
CAP17#015-FY	Radstock & Westfield Implementation Plan	Corporate Supported Borrowing	-16,808		Economic & Community Regeneration		-16,808	Rephase 2018/2019 budget to align to 2017/2018 scheme expenditure
CAP17#016-FY	South Road Car Park Disposal	Capital receipts	-25,730		Economic & Community Regeneration		-25,730	Rephase 2018/2019 budget to align to 2017/2018 scheme expenditure
CAP17#017-FY	BEA - Flood Mitigation	Grant	-1,130,980		Economic & Community Regeneration		-1,130,980	Rephase 2018/2019 budget to align to 2017/2018 scheme expenditure
CAP17#018-FY	BWR Infrastructure Contribution	3rd Party contribution	-270,772		Economic & Community Regeneration		-270,772	Rephase 2018/2019 budget to align to 2017/2018 scheme expenditure
CAP17#019-FY	Transformation - Flexible Use of Capital Receipts	Capital receipts	5,235,878		Finance & Efficiency		5,235,878	Rephasing of Flexible Use of Capital Receipts 2018/19 Budget
CAP17#020-FY	Transformation - Flexible Use of Capital Receipts	Capital receipts	-4,360,000		Finance & Efficiency		-4,360,000	Rephasing of Flexible Use of Capital Receipts 2019/20 Budget
CAP17#021-FY	Transformation - Flexible Use of Capital Receipts	Capital receipts	-4,000,000		Finance & Efficiency		-4,000,000	Rephasing of Flexible Use of Capital Receipts 2020/21 Budget
OVERALL TOTALS			48,683,055	0		0	48,683,055	

CAPITAL SCHEME	Revised Budget After February 2017 Cabinet	Approvals to Outturn	Final Budget at Outturn
	£'000	£'000	£'000
<u>Finance & Efficiency</u>			
Workplaces Programme Delivery	727	(31)	697
Keynsham Regeneration & New Build	709	166	875
Corporate Estate Planned Maintenance	2,368	0	2,368
Disposals Programme (Minor)	144	301	445
Commercial Estate Investment Fund 16/17	335	0	335
Commercial Estate Investment Fund 17/18	28,285	0	28,285
Saw Close Development	47	0	47
Grand Parade & Undercroft	4,805	(4,805)	0
Equality Act Works	461	0	461
Roseberry Place	15	0	15
1 - 3 James Street West	115	0	115
7 - 9 Lower Borough Walls	23	0	23
Desktop As a Service - VDI Technology	1	0	1
Customer Services System	195	0	195
IT Asset Refresh (Servers and Network)	109	0	109
Corporate Capital Contingency	1,950	(56)	1,894
Bathampton Farmhouse	40	0	40
Cleveland Pools	0	75	75
Housing Delivery Vehicle	1,284	279	1,564
Property Company Investment	7,500	0	7,500
Acquisitions - Future Revenue Generation	194	(0)	194
Agresso System Development & 5.6 Upgrade	33	0	33
Income systems upgrade & associated works	45	0	45
Department of Health Grant: Resources IT: Assistive Technology	47	0	47
Community Resource Centre Capital investment	490	0	490
City Centre Protection Measures	0	200	200
Flexible Use of Capital Receipts	0	3,124	3,124
Digital Programme	0	500	500
	49,921	(246)	49,675
<u>Transformation & Customer Services</u>			
LAA Performance Reward Grant	162	0	162
Energy at Home	4	0	4
Warmth & Health Homes Programme	43	0	43
Modern Libraries & Workplaces	486	469	955
	695	469	1,164
<u>Adult Care, Health & Wellbeing</u>			
Adult Social Care Database replacement	98	0	98
Drugs and Alcohol Recovery House Public Health Grant	750	0	750
	848	0	848
<u>Children & Young People</u>			
Schools Capital Maintenance Programme	1,029	(782)	247
Schools Devolved Capital	410	731	1,141
Weston All Saints Primary - Basic Need	117	0	117
Castle Primary - Basic Need	8	0	8
St Saviour's Junior - Basic Need	7	0	7
Saltford Primary - Basic Need	1,079	0	1,079
School Energy Invest to Save Fund	213	(213)	0
Basic Needs Feasibility / Option Appraisal	403	(18)	385
Schools LA Contribution to Capital	138	0	138
Paulton Junior School - Basic Need	496	(0)	496
Children's Services Capital Schemes	(3)	3	0
Children's Services Capital Schemes Managed by Property Services	834	(317)	517
Bishop Sutton Primary School - Basic Need	204	(0)	204

	Revised Budget After February 2017 Cabinet	Approvals to Outturn	Final Budget at Outturn
CAPITAL SCHEME	£'000	£'000	£'000
St Mary's Writhlington Replace Classroom Block	9	(15)	(6)
Schools Minor Works and DDA Schemes	414	(424)	(10)
Westfield Primary School - Basic Need	113	0	113
St John's School Keynsham classroom refurbishment	5	(2)	3
Children's Centre Capital Schemes	6	0	6
Oldfield Park Junior School - Basic Need	96	0	96
St Marys Writhlington BN Feasibility Study	496	15	511
Ensleigh - New Primary School Feasibility Study	1,130	(300)	830
MOD Foxhill Mulberry Park - New School Feasibility Study	4	(0)	4
Bathampton School Basic Needs	15	(0)	15
Keynsham East New School Feasibility Study - Cost	5	(0)	5
Farmborough Primary - Basic Need	96	0	96
St Michaels Junior School Replace temporary building	1	0	1
Riverside Youth Hub Development	36	0	36
St Keyna Basic Need Feasibility Study	19	(0)	19
Somerdale New School Feasibility Costs	4	0	4
Bathwick St Mary New School Expansion	9	(0)	9
Ubley Primary Basic Needs	323	(193)	130
St Saviour's Junior - Bulge Year Feasibility Study	177	0	177
Freshford Primary Enhancements	32	0	32
Children's Education Management System	473	0	473
Whitchurch Primary expansion	63	0	63
Swainswick Primary School	58	0	58
Castle Primary expansion (Phase 4)	1,207	(295)	913
St Nicholas' Primary expansion	95	50	145
East Harptree - DDA BN Feasibility Study	(14)	14	0
Broadlands AP	0	358	358
Westfield Primary - DDA Works	0	607	607
Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision	0	500	500
	9,807	(280)	9,527
Economic & Community Regeneration			
Heritage Infrastructure Development	94	(5)	89
Temple Precinct	0	4	4
BWR - Council Project Team	(8)	147	139
BWR - Affordable Housing	212	0	212
BWR - Infrastructure	596	271	866
BWR - Relocation of Gas Holders	2,048	0	2,048
NRR Infrastructure	0	116	116
London Road Regeneration	116	(166)	(49)
Enterprise Area - Flood Mitigation Phase 1	(1,846)	3,193	1,347
Disabled Facilities Grant	1,156	110	1,266
River Corridor & ROSPA safety works	70	0	70
Digital B&NES	23	0	23
Somer Valley Business Centre	29	0	29
Affordable Housing	1,901	14	1,915
PRMP Northumberland Place	10	0	10
PRMP Pattern Book	58	0	58
PRMP Team Costs	5	0	5
City Information Scheme Corporate Project	54	0	54
Innovation Quay - Strategic Flooding Solution	1,013	(1,013)	
Bath Quays South	(6,609)	14,601	7,992
Bath Quays North	(1,170)	3,205	2,035
Bath Quays Bridge & Linking Infrastructure	(194)	2,159	1,965
Innovation Quay - EDF Infrastructure	9	(9)	0
Cattlemarket/Cornmarket	22	0	22
BWRE/Green Park	147	(147)	0
Radstock and Westfield Implementation Plan	26	17	43
Roman Baths Development: East Baths Development	(39)	10	(29)
South Road Car Park	(0)	26	26
Roman Baths Archway Centre	264	0	264
Saw Close Development Works	1,227	0	1,227
BTP Loan Facility	0	300	300

CAPITAL SCHEME	Revised Budget After February 2017 Cabinet	Approvals to Outturn	Final Budget at Outturn
	£'000	£'000	£'000
	(787)	22,833	22,046
Development & Neighbourhoods			
Vehicle Replacement: Neighbourhoods	140	0	140
Allotments	10	(1)	9
Beechen Cliff Woodland & Other Open Spaces Improvements	73	0	73
Neighbourhoods - Bin and Bench Replacement	6	81	87
Alice Park - Skate Park	97	30	127
Play Equipment	42	278	320
Waste Re-provision feasibility work	54	0	54
Environmental Protection Vehicles	14	12	26
Waste Vehicles	98	0	98
Cleansing Vehicles	265	105	370
Sydney Gardens	246	270	516
Bath Leisure Centre Refurbishment	4,005	0	4,005
Parade Gardens Infrastructure for Business Development	10	0	10
Leisure - Council Client / Contingency	644	0	644
Bath Recreation Ground Trust - Leisure	510	0	510
Parks Service Schemes	121	(57)	65
Waste Project - relocation of cleansing	789	0	789
Waste Operations - Relocation	11,118	(250)	10,868
Sydney Gardens: a 21st Century Pleasure Gardens	270	(270)	0
Parks Play Equipment	278	(278)	0
Environmental Neighbourhood Services Vehicle Replacement Programme	117	(117)	0
Parks s106 Capital projects: Bloomfield Green Open Parks Equipment	274	3	277
Parks Action Response Work	41	0	41
Litter Bin Replacement Programme	100	0	100
Leisure facility modernisation - Keynsham Sports Centre	25	(25)	0
Leisure Bath - Car Park	600	0	600
Odd Down Playing Fields Development	200	(50)	150
Ponds in Royal Victoria Park	0	50	50
	0	24	24
	20,148	(192)	19,956
Transport & Environment			
Bath Transport Package - Main Scheme	800	(776)	24
Batheaston Bridge	4	0	4
Transport Improvement Programme	2,831	628	3,459
Cycle City Ambition	33	(33)	0
Victoria Bridge	28	0	28
Bus Lane Camera Replacement	300	0	300
Highways Maintenance Programme	3,807	879	4,687
Park and Ride East of Bath Project Development	475	(415)	60
Passenger Transport Vehicles	460	(460)	0
Parking - Vehicle Replacement Programme	15	0	15
Better Bus Fund	34	(34)	0
Kennet & Avon Tow Path & Cycle Parking	30	0	30
Street Lighting - LED Replacement Programme	748	0	748
Keynsham Town Centre one way system	147	61	208
Bath Cycle Action Plan - Bath Quays Scheme	42	0	42
Speed Enforcement Cameras	119	(10)	109
HMB - National Productivity Investment Fund (NPIF)	788	(788)	0
Kingsmead Square Improvements	2	0	2
Dorchester Street, Traffic Review	72	0	72
Somerdale Bridge, Keynsham Options Study	64	0	64
London Road Modification	200	0	200
York Street Infrastructure works	589	0	589
Parking - Radio System Replacement	0	28	28
Parking - Enforcement Hand Held Computer Terminal Replacement	0	50	50

CAPITAL SCHEME	Revised Budget After February 2017 Cabinet	Approvals to Outturn	Final Budget at Outturn
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Body Worn Video Cameras for Civil Enforcement Officers	0	25	25
A37 to A362 Improvements to access Somer Valley Enterprise Zone	0	280	280
Hicks Gate Roundabout Improvement	0	460	460
	11,589	(104)	11,485

TOTAL CAPITAL SCHEME BUDGET	92,221	22,479	114,700
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Sources of Funding (£'000)			
EU/Government Grant	16,877	10,628	27,505
Revenue	496	(127)	369
Other Council Support including Borrowing and Capital Receipts	70,302	11,344	81,646
s106 Contribution	3,580	457	4,037
Other 3rd Party	966	177	1,143
Total Sources of Funding (£'000)	92,221	22,479	114,700

RESOURCES PDS FORWARD PLAN

This Forward Plan lists all the items coming to the Panel over the next few months.

Inevitably, some of the published information may change; Government guidance recognises that the plan is a best assessment, at the time of publication, of anticipated decision making. The online Forward Plan is updated regularly and can be seen on the Council's website at:

<http://democracy.bathnes.gov.uk/mgPlansHome.aspx?bcr=1>

The Forward Plan demonstrates the Council's commitment to openness and participation in decision making. It assists the Panel in planning their input to policy formulation and development, and in reviewing the work of the Cabinet.

Should you wish to make representations, please contact the report author or, Democratic Services (01225 394411). A formal agenda will be issued 5 clear working days before the meeting.

Agenda papers can be inspected on the Council's website and at the Guildhall (Bath), Hollies (Midsomer Norton), Civic Centre (Keynsham) and at Bath Central, and Midsomer Norton public libraries.

Ref Date	Decision Maker/s	Title	Report Author Contact	Director Lead
12TH SEPTEMBER 2018				
12 Sep 2018	Resources PDS	Update on activities of the Council's Property Company (ADL)	Tim Richens Tel: 01225 477468	Director Commercial
12 Sep 2018	Resources PDS	Update on Final Figures for the Financial Year	Donna Parham Tel: 0122539	Director Finance - Section 151 Officer
28TH NOVEMBER 2018 (DATE TBC)				
28 Nov 2018	Resources PDS	Update on Restructuring and Member Development Programme	Cherry Bennett, Ticki Toogood Tel: 01225 47 7203,	Director Partnership & Corporate Services
28 Nov 2018	Resources PDS	Budget and Financial Plans	Donna Parham Tel: 0122539	Director Finance - Section 151 Officer
4TH FEBRUARY 2019				
27TH MARCH 2019				
ITEMS TO BE SCHEDULED				
	Resources PDS	Local Government Funding Changes	Donna Parham Tel: 0122539	Director Finance - Section 151 Officer
	Resources PDS	People Strategy (March 2019)	Cherry Bennett Tel: 01225 47 7203	Director Partnership & Corporate Services

Ref Date	Decision Maker/s	Title	Report Author Contact	Director Lead
	Resources PDS	Council Company Governance Update	Maria Lucas Tel: 01225 395171	Director Legal & Democratic
The Forward Plan is administered by DEMOCRATIC SERVICES : Michaela Gay 01225 394411 Democratic_Services@bathnes.gov.uk				

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